2018-07-18 - SLPG Meeting

Date & Time

20:00 UTC Wednesday 18th July 2018

Teleconference Details

To join the meeting please go to https://snomed.zoom.us/j/471420169.

Further information can be found at SLPG meeting information

Goals

- URI standard
- Recap purpose of computable language URIs
 Review language URIs
 Proposed language features
- - o Transitive relationships in ECL
 - O Ability to execute maps from within ECL
- Progress SNOMED Query language
 - Discuss use of multiple language reference sets

Attendees

- Chair: Linda Bird
- Project Group: Michael Lawley, Harold Solbrig, Rob Hausam

Apologies

Anne Randorff Højen

Agenda and Meeting Notes

Description	Owner	Notes
Welcome and apologies	Linda Bird	
URI Specification	Linda Bird	 Recap on purpose of SNOMED CT computable language URIs Recap on language instance URIs (e.g. URIs for expressions and expression constraints)
Proposed Language Features	Linda Bird	Other topics for discussion. For example: • ECL suggestions - Ability to execute maps in ECL • Transitive relationships and role chaining in ECL (to align with new enhanced DL axioms) • Example 1: • Direct relationship < 404684003 Clinical finding : << 47429007 Associated with = * • Transitive relationship < 404684003 Clinical finding : << 47429007 Associated with = * • Example 2: • Direct relationship < 71388002 : 363701004 Direct substance = 372687004 Amoxicillin • Role chained relationship (via 738774007 is modification of) < 71388002 : 363701004 Direct substance * = 372687004 Amoxicillin • The specific use-case here comes initially from Jeremy and relates to being able to work with inactive concepts via the historical association maps. For example, given an ECL expression, e, that identifies a set of concepts to be used for retrieving patient records, you probably also want to retrieve records for sameAs(e) and replacedWith(e) • Example 1: • ??? (< 72704001 Fracture AND ^ 90000000000527005 SAME AS association reference set) . 90000000000533001 Association target component • Query language - Can we de-scope relationship filters?

Query	Linda Bird	Examples: version and language
Language - Summary from previous meetings	Bird	
		(* {{ term = "*heart*" }} VERSION http://snomed.info/sct/90000000000207008/version/20170731, LANGUAGE W) **X MINUS Y WHERE X = * , Y = (* {{ term = "*heart*" }}) VERSION http://snomed.info/sct/900000000000207008/version/20180131, LANGUAGE W Notes **Allow nested where, version, language*
		Scope of variables is inner query
		 Examples: where ∴ X MINUS >! X WHERE X = (<< 1234 : 5678 = << 6547) ∴ X MINUS >! X WHERE X = (<< 1234 : 5678 = << 6547) VERSION http://snomed.info/sct/9000000000000000000000000000000000000
		Notes Allow nested variable definitions, but recommend that people don't due to readability Scope of variables is the inner query No recursion e.g X WHERE X = 1234 MINUS X i e can't use a variable in its own definition i e X is only known on the left of the corresponding WHERE, and not on the right of the WHE

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Keywords for Term-based searching:

    D.term

       O.term = "*heart*"
      O.term = wild:"*heart*"
      O.term = regex:".*heart.*"
      O.term = match:"hear att"
       O.term = (sv) wild: "*heart*"

    D.languageCode

       ○ D.languageCode = "en"
       D.languageCode = "es"

    D.caseSignificanceId

         D.caseSignificanceId = 90000000000448009 |entire term case insensitive|
       • D.caseSignificanceId = 90000000000017005 |entire term case sensitive|

    D.caseSignificance

    D.caseSignificance = "insensitive"

    D.caseSignificance = "sensitive"
    D.caseSignificance = "initialCharInsensitive"

    D.typeld

       D.typeId = 9000000000000001 |fully specified name|
       D.typeId = 9000000000013009 |synonym|

    D.typeId = 90000000000550004 |definition|

    D.type

         D.type = "FSN"
       D.type = "fullySpecifiedName"
      D.type = "synonym"D.type = "textDefinition"

    D.acceptabilityld

    D.acceptabilityId = 90000000000549004 |acceptable|

       O.acceptabilityId = 9000000000548007 |preferred|

    D.acceptability

       D.acceptability = "acceptable"
       D.acceptability = "preferred"
Additional Syntactic Sugar
  FSN
       ○ FSN = "*heart"

    D.term = "*heart", D.type = "FSN"
    D.term = "*heart", D.typeId = 9000000000000001 |fully specified name|

      • FSN = "*heart" LANGUAGE X

    D.term = "*heart", D.type = "FSN", D.acceptability = * LANGUAGE X
    D.term = "*heart", D.typeId = 90000000000000001 |fully specified name|, acceptabilityId = * LAN

              GUAGE X
  synonym
       o synonym = "*heart"

    D.term = "*heart", D.type = "synonym"
    D.term = "*heart", D.typeld = 9000000000013009 |synonym|

       synonym = "*heart" LANGUAGE X
            D.term = "*heart", D.type = "synonym", D.acceptability = * LANGUAGE X
              D.term = "*heart", D.typeId = 90000000000013009 |synonym|, (D.acceptabilityId =
              9000000000549004 |acceptable| OR D.acceptabilityId = 9000000000548007 |preferred|) LAN
              GUAGE X

    synonymOrFSN

       synonymOrFSN = "*heart"
            synonym = "*heart" OR FSN = "*heart"
            D.term = "*heart", (D.type = "synonym" OR D.type = "fullySpecifiedName")
       synonymOrFSN = "*heart" LANGUAGE X
            synonym = "*heart" OR FSN = "*heart" LANGUAGE X

D.term = "*heart", (D.type = "synonym" OR D.type = "fullySpecifiedName"), D.acceptability = * LAN
              GUAGE X

    textDefinition

    textDefinition = "*heart"
    D.term = "*heart", D.type = "definition"

            D.term = "*heart", D.typeId = 9000000000550004 |definition|
      textDefinition = "*heart" LANGUAGE X
            ■ D.term = "*heart", D.type = "definition", D.acceptability = * LANGUAGE X
            D.term = "*heart", D.typeId = 900000000000550004 |definition|, D.acceptabilityId = * LANGUAGE

    Unacceptable Terms

       ○ (D.term = "*heart") MINUS (D.term = "*heart", D.acceptability = * LANGUAGE X)
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		Language preferences using multiple language reference sets LRSs that use the same Language tend to use 'Addition' - i.e. child LRS only includes additional
		acceptable terms, but can override the preferred term
		 E.g. Regional LRS that adds local dialect to a National LRS E.g. Specialty-specific LRS
		E.g. Irish LRS that adds local preferences to the en-GB LRS
		 99999900 Irish language reference set PLUS GB English reference set LRSs that define a translation to a different language tend to use 'Replacement' - i.e. child LRS replaces set of acceptable and preferred terms for any associated concept
		 E.g. Danish LRS that does a partial translation of the International Release
		 999999 Danish language reference set ELSE GB English reference set
Other topics	Linda Bird	
Confirm next meeting date /time	Linda Bird	The next SLPG meeting will be held in 2 weeks at 20:00 UTC on Wednesday 1st August (to be confirmed).

File Modified

No files shared here yet.