2018-06-06 - SLPG Meeting

Date & Time

20:00 UTC Wednesday 6th June 2018

Teleconference Details

To join the meeting please go to https://snomed.zoom.us/j/471420169.

Further information can be found at SLPG meeting information

Goals

- Progress SNOMED Query language
 O Discuss use of multiple language reference sets
- URI standard
 URI for canonical normal form
 URI for necessary (long/short) normal form
 - - Transitive relationships in ECL
 - Ability to execute maps from within ECL

Attendees

- Chair: Linda Bird
- Project Group: Michael Lawley, Ed Cheetham, Rob Hausam

Apologies

Anne Randorff Højen

Agenda and Meeting Notes

Description	Owner	Notes
Welcome and apologies	Linda Bird	
apologies Query Language - Recap from previous meetings	Linda Bird	Examples: version and language

Examples: where

- X MINUS >! X WHERE X = (<< 1234 : 5678 = << 6547)
 X MINUS >! X WHERE X = (<< 1234 : 5678 = << 6547) VERSION http://snomed.info/sct /900000000000207008/version/20180131
- $^{\circ}$ X MINUS >! Y **WHERE** X = (<< 1234 : 5678 = << 6547), Y = (<< 1456) **VERSION** http://snomed.info /sct/9000000000000207008/version/20180131
- X MINUS >! X WHERE X = (<< 1234 : 5678 = << 6547) VERSION http://snomed.info/sct</p> /90000000000207008/version/20180131 , LANGUAGE 90000000000508004 [GB English]
- X MINUS >! X WHERE X = (<< 1234 : 5678 = << 6547) VERSION http://snomed.info/sct /90000000000207008/version/20180131, LANGUAGE 999001881000000108|GB clinical extension LRS|, 900000000000508004 |GB English|
- ° X minus >! X WHERE X = (< M WHERE M = (< 1234))) VERSION http://snomed.info/sct /90000000000207008/version/20180131, LANGUAGE 999001881000000108|GB clinical extension LRS|, 900000000000508004 |GB English|

Notes

- Allow nested variable definitions, but recommend that people don't due to readability
- Scope of variables is the inner query
- No recursion e.g X WHERE X = 1234 MINUS X
 - ie can't use a variable in its own definition
 - ie X is only known on the left of the corresponding WHERE, and not on the right of the WHE

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Query Language
                      Linda
                                  What filter keywords will we introduce for Term-based searching, and what are their exact meanings?
- Recap from
                      Bird
previous

    D.term

                                          D.term = "*heart*"D.term = wild:"*heart*"
meetings
                                          O.term = regex:".*heart.*"
                                          O.term = match:"hear att"
                                          O.term = (sv) wild: "*heart*"

    D.languageCode

                                           D.languageCode = "en"
                                          D.languageCode = "es"

    D.caseSignificanceId

    D.caseSignificanceId = 900000000000448009 |entire term case insensitive|

                                          • D.caseSignificanceId = 9000000000017005 |entire term case sensitive|
                                          • D.caseSignificance

    D.caseSignificance = "insensitive"

    D.caseSignificance = "sensitive"
    D.caseSignificance = "initialCharInsensitive"

    D.typeld

                                            D.typeId = 90000000000000001 |fully specified name|
                                          O.typeId = 9000000000013009 |synonym|

    D.typeId = 90000000000550004 |definition|

    D.type

                                             D.type = "FSN"
                                          D.type = "fullySpecifiedName"
                                          D.type = "synonym"D.type = "textDefinition"

    D.acceptabilityld

                                           D.acceptabilityId = 9000000000549004 |acceptable
                                          O.acceptabilityId = 90000000000548007 |preferred

    D.acceptability

                                           D.acceptability = "acceptable"
                                          D.acceptability = "preferred"
                                   Additional Syntactic Sugar
                                     FSN
                                          FSN = "*heart"

    D.term = "*heart", D.type = "FSN"
    D.term = "*heart", D.typeId = 9000000000000001 | fully specified name|

                                          • FSN = "*heart" LANGUAGE X

    D.term = "*heart", D.type = "FSN", D.acceptability = * LANGUAGE X
    D.term = "*heart", D.typeId = 900000000000000001 [fully specified name], acceptabilityId = * LA

                                                   NGUAGE X
                                     • synonym
                                           o synonym = "*heart"

    D.term = "*heart", D.type = "synonym"
    D.term = "*heart", D.typeId = 9000000000013009 |synonym|

                                          synonym = "*heart" LANGUAGE X

    D.term = "*heart", D.type = "synonym", D.acceptability = * LANGUAGE X
    D.term = "*heart", D.typeId = 9000000000013009 |synonym|, (D.acceptabilityId =

                                                   9000000000549004 |acceptable| OR D.acceptabilityId = 9000000000548007 |preferred|) \bf L
                                                   ANGUAGE X
                                     synonymOrFSN
                                          synonymOrFSN = "*heart"
                                                synonym = "*heart" OR FSN = "*heart"

D.term = "*heart", (D.type = "synonym" OR D.type = "fullySpecifiedName")
                                          synonymOrFSN = "*heart" LANGUAGE X

    synonym = "*heart" OR FSN = "*heart" LANGUAGE X
    D.term = "*heart", (D.type = "synonym" OR D.type = "fullySpecifiedName"), D.acceptability = * L

                                                   ANGUAGE X

    textDefinition

    textDefinition = "*heart"
    D.term = "*heart", D.type = "definition"
    D.term = "*heart", D.typeld = 90000000000550004 |definition|
    textDefinition = "*heart" LANGUAGE X

                                                ■ D.term = "*heart", D.type = "definition", D.acceptability = * LANGUAGE X
                                                D.term = "*heart", D.typeId = 90000000000550004 |definition|, D.acceptabilityId = * LANGUAGE
                                        Unacceptable Terms

O (D.term = "*heart") MINUS (D.term = "*heart", (D.acceptability = "acceptable" OR D.acceptability =
                                              "preferred") LANGUAGE X)
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Query Language - Combining language reference sets	Linda Bird	How do we support language preferences, which are defined over multiple language reference sets? For example: LRSs that use the same Language tend to use 'Addition' - i.e. child LRS only includes additional acceptable terms, but can override the preferred term E.g. Regional LRS that adds local dialect to a National LRS E.g. Specialty-specific LRS E.g. Irish LRS that adds local preferences to the en-GB LRS 99999900 Irish language reference set PLUS GB English reference set LRSs that define a translation to a different language tend to use 'Replacement' - i.e. child LRS replaces set of acceptable and preferred terms for any associated concept E.g. Danish LRS that does a partial translation of the International Release 999999 Danish language reference set ELSE GB English reference set
URI Specification	Linda Bird	Status update URLs for canonical necessary normal form and necessary (long/short) normal form Necessary normal form (short) - http://snomed.org/snf, http://snomed.org/snform Necessary normal form (long) - http://snomed.org/lnf, http://snomed.org/lnform Canonical normal form (short) - http://snomed.org/cnf, http://snomed.org/cnform Close to user form - http://snomed.org/ctuf, http://snomed.org/ctuform Next Meeting: Recap on purpose of SNOMED CT computable language URIs? Recap on language instance URIs (e.g. URIs for expressions and expression constraints)
Other topics	Linda Bird	Other topics for discussion. For example: • Query language - Can we de-scope relationship filters? • ECL suggestions - Ability to execute maps in ECL • The specific use-case here comes initially from Jeremy and relates to being able to work with inactive concepts via the historical association maps. For example, given an ECL expression, e, that identifies a set of concepts to be used for retrieving patient records, you probably also want to retrieve records for sameAs(e) and replacedWith(e)
Confirm next meeting date /time	Linda Bird	The next SLPG meeting will be held in 2 weeks at 20:00 UTC on Wednesday 4th July.

File Modified

No files shared here yet.