# ICNP to SNOMED CT (Diagnoses) Equivalency Table Release Notes - January 2018

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The equivalency table is also available for download from the ICN website: FOR DISCUSSION WITH-

Users of the ICNP 2019 SNOMED CT equivalency table must comply with the licensing agreements of both ICN and SNOMED International.

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Background
- 3 Motivation
- 4 Design
  - 4.1 Versions
  - o 4.2 Source
  - o 4.3 Target
  - o 4.4 Direction
  - 4.5 Cardinality
- 5 Content
- 5.1 Changes for the January 2018 release
- 6 Obtaining the equivalency table



#### Page At A Glance

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Background
- 3 Motivation
- 4 Design
  - 4.1 Versions
  - o 4.2 Source
  - 4.3 Target4.4 Direction
  - 4.5 Cardinality
- 5 Content
  - 5.1 Changes for the January 2018 release
- 6 Obtaining the equivalency table
- 7 Feedback
- 8 Technical Notes
  - RF2 package format

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- 8 Technical Notes
  - RF2 package format

## 1 Introduction

The International Classification of Nursing Practice (ICNP) to SNOMED CT nursing diagnoses (problems) equivalency table is a product of an ongoing programme of work carried out under a pre-existing collaboration agreement between the International Council of Nurses (ICN) and the International Health Terminology Standards Organisation (IHTSDO). The work commenced in May 2014 and the first joint release of the candidate baseline equivalency table took place in April 2015, for review and feedback.

# 2 Background

The overarching aim of the collaboration agreement, first established in 2010 and updated in September 2014, was to advance terminology harmonisation and foster interoperability in health information systems. Joint work would build on previous efforts, culminating in joint publication of:

- a) An equivalence table between the International Classification for Nursing Practice (ICNP®) and SNOMED Clinical Terms (SNOMED CT®) for nursing diagnoses
- b) An equivalence table between ICNP and SNOMED CT for nursing interventions.

The initial effort centred on nursing diagnoses, specifically problems – the focus of this release document. Other related work includes the identification of SNOMED CT equivalencies for ICNP nursing interventions and in the future ICNP positive nursing diagnoses (i.e. goals or expected outcomes).

### 3 Motivation

The ICNP, a product of the ICN, is a terminology that enables nurses to describe and report their practice in a systematic way. The resulting information is used to support care and effective decision-making, and to inform nursing education and health policy.

SNOMED CT is the most comprehensive and precise clinical health terminology product in the world, owned and distributed around the world by The International Health Terminology Standards Development Organisation (IHTSDO).

The equivalency table is intended for use by nurses, and other interested professional groups. Robust systems and processes within ICN and IHTSDO assure the integrity of both terminologies.

As ICNP is intended for use by and for nurses, ICN has been able to focus attention on the development of ICNP specifically for nursing practice. This has resulted in a rich and comprehensive resource that nurses can use to describe and report in detail the things that they assess (diagnoses e.g. nausea) and the things that they do (interventions e.g. counseling). The potential benefits of a consistent approach to capturing nursing data are far-reaching. However, nurses do not practice in isolation, they practice alongside many other disciplines. One of the potential risks of a specific nursing-focus is that nursing will be somehow disconnected from a larger health information landscape.

The table of equivalents provides a vehicle for transforming ICNP-encoded data into SNOMED CT (e.g. an ICNP concept in a local system can be transformed via the table to the equivalent SNOMED CT concept for use in a multidisciplinary record). By providing a robust pathway from ICNP to SNOMED CT, the table of equivalents helps to ensure that users of ICNP can continue to use their preferred terminology while remaining a central part of the bigger picture and wider implementation of SNOMED CT globally.

# 4 Design

Decisions concerning source concepts, target concepts and validity of equivalencies were made by consensus of all parties (ICN, IHTSDO and the IHTSDO Nursing Special Interest Group (SIG)). The SNOMED International Nursing Derivatives Editorial Group now provides international validation of the content included in the set prior to publication with each release.

#### 4.1 Versions

The version of ICNP used is the May 2017 release.

The version of SNOMED CT used is the January 2018 International Release.

#### 4.2 Source

The source is a subset of 852 ICNP diagnostic concepts.

#### 4.3 Target

All target concepts are drawn from SNOMED CT Clinical Findings and Situation. As part of the work, new concepts were identified as relevant and needed within SNOMED CT. These were modeled as Clinical Findings.

#### 4.4 Direction

The direction is from the ICNP classification to SNOMED CT International Release in line with the stated use case in section 3.

#### 4.5 Cardinality

The cardinality for all equivalencies in the table is one-to-one.

#### 5 Content

The ICNP to SNOMED CT nursing diagnoses (problems) equivalency table covers just one semantic type – nursing diagnoses (problems) – with equivalent ICNP and SNOMED CT concepts for each problem. The table comprises 529 active equivalencies, representing a subset of ICNP and a subset of SNOMED CT – equivalencies have not been identified for all ICNP diagnoses, or for all SNOMED CT Clinical Findings.

#### 5.1 Changes for the January 2018 release

As a result of changes made to the January 2018 release of SNOMED CT, there were 2 ICNP codes for diagnoses which were removed from the table.

The following members have been removed from the equivalency table:

DIAGNOSIS CHANGES conceptid	inactive_concept_name	assoc_type_name	New target	New target_name	ICN Comments
ICN: 10034926	SCT ID: 276617005 Growth delay (disorder)	POSSIBLY EQUIVALENT TO	276603 001 129823 000	Perinatal disorder of growth and/or development (disorder)  Childhood growth AND/OR development alteration (finding)	No match - Remove
ICN: 10047025	SCT ID: 329676006 Receptive aphasia (finding)	SAME AS	229664 007	Receptive dysphasia (disorder)	No match - Remove
ICN: 10046735	SCT ID: 12441001 Epistaxis (disorder)	SAME AS	249366 005	Bleeding from nose (finding)	Exact match - Add new SCT

# 6 Obtaining the equivalency table

The equivalency table was released in April 2015 as a technology preview/candidate baseline and has subsequently been maintained according to the release schedules of ICNP and SNOMED CT. The baseline release of the equivalency table was released after July 2015, following agreement between ICN and IHTSDO.

Access within IHTSDO member countries is provided by the Member National Release Centre in each country, via the relevant Member page. Affiliates of IHTSDO in non-member countries can access the table through their Member Licensing and Distribution Service (MLDS) account. Please contact <a href="mailto:info@snomed.org">info@snomed.org</a> for more information if required.

The equivalency table is available for download from the ICNP website: http://www.icn.ch/what-we-do/icnp-download/

Users of the table should comply with licensing arrangements for both ICNP and SNOMED CT.

#### 7 Feedback

Feedback should be sent jointly to info@snomed.org and aamherdt@uwm.edu. Feedback should include any issues relating to implementation, suggestions for future content inclusion or general comments regarding the subset.

#### 8 Technical Notes

# RF2 package format

The RF2 package convention dictates that it contains all relevant files, regardless of whether or not there is content to be included in each particular release. Therefore, the package contains a mixture of files which contain both header rows and content data, and also files that are intentionally left blank (including only a header record). The reason that these files are not removed from the package is to draw a clear distinction between:

- 1. ...files that have been deprecated (and therefore removed from the package completely), due to the content no longer being relevant to RF2 in this or future releases, and
- 2. ...files that just happen to contain no data in this particular release (and are therefore included in the package but left blank, with only a header record), but are still relevant to RF2, and could therefore potentially contain data in future releases.

This allows users to easily distinguish between files that have purposefully been removed or not, as otherwise if files in option 2 above were left out of the package it could be interpreted as an error, rather than an intentional lack of content in that release.

#### **Approvals**

Final Version	Date	Approver	Comments
1.0	27 Mar 2018	Jane Millar	Approved
1.0	March 21st 2018	Lesley MacNeil	Approved

#### **Draft Amendment History**

Version	Date	Editor	Comments
0.1	01 Feb 2018	Andrew Atkinson	Initial Version
1.0	March 21st 2018	Monica Harry	Revised minor edits

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