

New Modular Reasoning Capabilities for SNOMED CT Classification Beyond the EL profile

Modular Reasoning – MORE (or Less)?

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The Issue

- Description logic underlying SNOMED CT is a subset of the OWL 2 EL profile
- The new DL capabilities that are available with the OWL refset still are within the EL profile
- This is good from the perspective of maintaining reasonable classification performance, but it limits the expressivity available for modeling concepts

Notably Excluded DL features

- Universal quantification to a class expression (**ObjectAllValuesFrom**)
- Disjunction (**ObjectUnionOf**, **DisjointUnion**, and **DataUnionOf**)
- Class negation (**ObjectComplementOf**)

SNOMED CT Logic Profile Specification

- Primary motivation for excluding these features and remaining within the OWL 2 EL profile is to ensure classifiers can reason over SNOMED CT content and expressions in a reasonable timeframe.
- While some of the features are desirable for content modelling, moving to OWL 2 DL incurs too high a cost to implementation of SNOMED CT to be supportable at this time.

SNOMED CT Logic Profile Specification

- If these features become reasonably practical to add in future (e.g. due to **advancements in reasoner technologies**) then they may be added.
- Until that time, modelling patterns must be devised to address the content and use cases which would benefit from these features to work around their absence.

Challenge

- Can we find and/or develop new reasoners or reasoning techniques that can make it feasible to use the “missing” OWL DL description logic capabilities in content modeling and still have tractable classification performance?
 - Can we remove the necessity to “work around” this absence?

Modular Reasoning

- Combines two (or more) DL reasoners in a way that takes advantage of their respective strengths
 - OWL EL reasoner
 - Fast, efficient performance
 - Examples: ELK, Snorocket
 - OWL DL reasoner
 - Significantly slower, but allows the additional expressive logic capabilities available in OWL DL (to varying degrees)
 - Examples: Hermit, FaCT++

MORe reasoner

- Developed by Ana Armas Romero, et al. at University of Oxford
- “Propose a novel technique where an efficient L-reasoner and a fully fledged OWL 2 reasoner are combined in a modular way to classify an OWL 2 ontology”
- Romero AA, Grau BC, Horrocks I. MORe: Modular Combination of OWL Reasoners for Ontology Classification. In Proceedings of the 11th International Semantic Web Conference (ISWC 2012). Springer. 2012.

Initial Work

- MORE 0.1.5 (or 0.1.6)
 - Latest distributed version
 - Based on earlier versions of ELK, HermiT and OWL API
 - Has been used previously with Snow Owl
 - Doesn't work as a plugin with current versions of Protégé (and Snow Owl?)
 - Additional limitations
- This is not sufficient for work with the current versions of the tools, and the reasoner versions used don't have all of the latest features

Updated MORe Reasoner

- Multiple updates to make it functional as a plugin for current versions of Protégé (5.1+) and other tools (Snow Owl)
- OWL API 4.2.6
- HermiT 1.3.8.413
- ELK 0.4.3
- FaCT++ 1.6.5 (uses native libraries)

Updated Ontology with Logical Negation


- Define “Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia”
- Add disjoint axioms between the “Bacteria” and “Virus” (and other) organism concept subhierarchies
- Add a universal restriction closure axiom to the definitions of the expected subtypes of “Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia”, including “Viral pneumonia”
 - Otherwise the reasoner doesn’t know that “Viral pneumonia” does not have additional unknown causative agents which may be a type of bacteria or other “non-viral” organism

Definition of “Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia”

Description: 'Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia'



Equivalent To 

 **'Disease (disorder)'**
and ('Role group (attribute)' **some**
((**not** ('Causative agent (attribute)' **some**
'Superkingdom Bacteria (organism)'))
and ('Associated morphology (attribute)'
some 'Inflammation and consolidation
(morphologic abnormality)')
and ('Causative agent (attribute)' **some**
'Microorganism (organism)')
and ('Finding site (attribute)' **some** 'Lung
structure (body structure)')
and ('Pathological process (attribute)'
some 'Infectious process (qualifier value)'))))

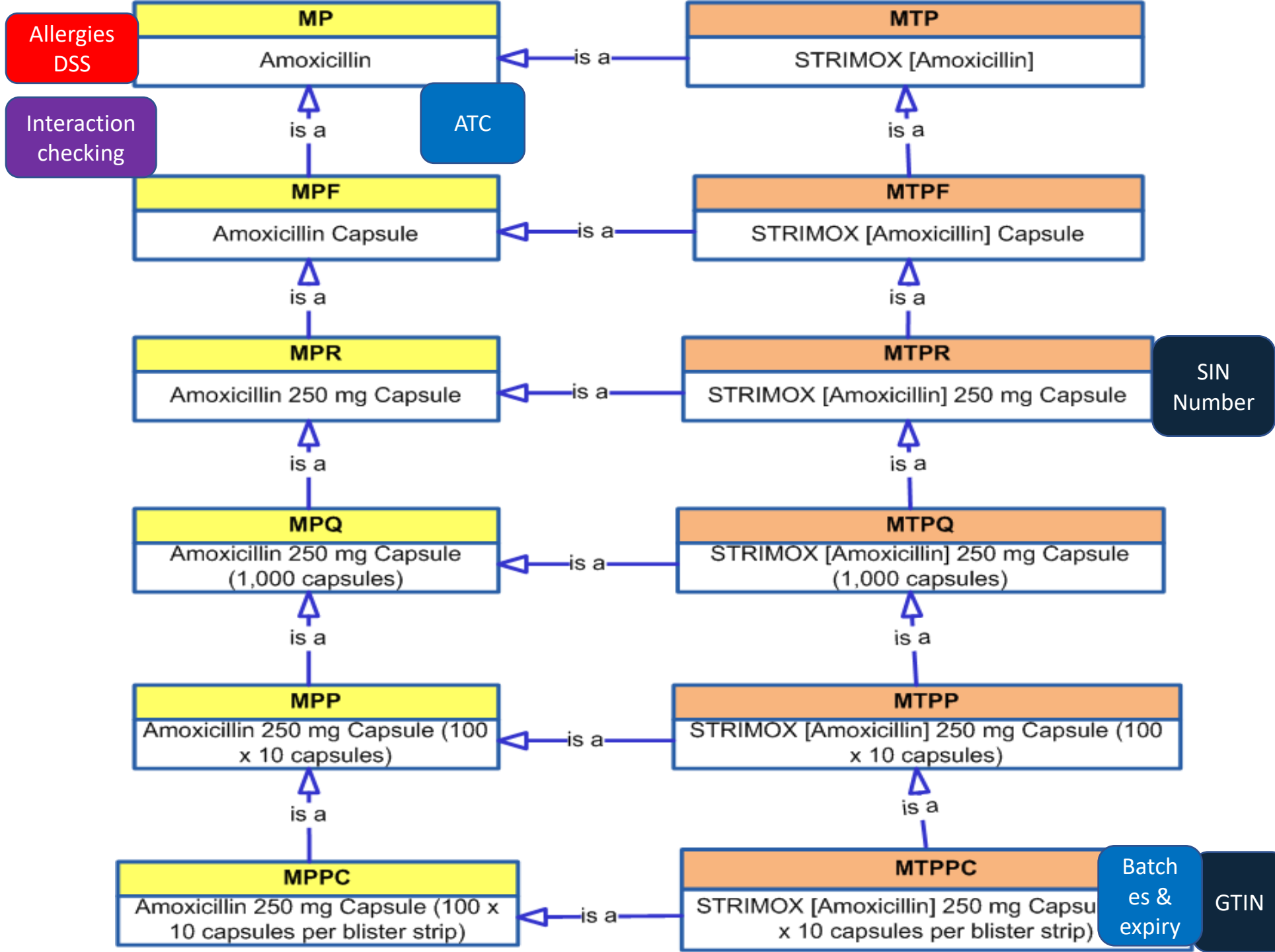


Initial Results

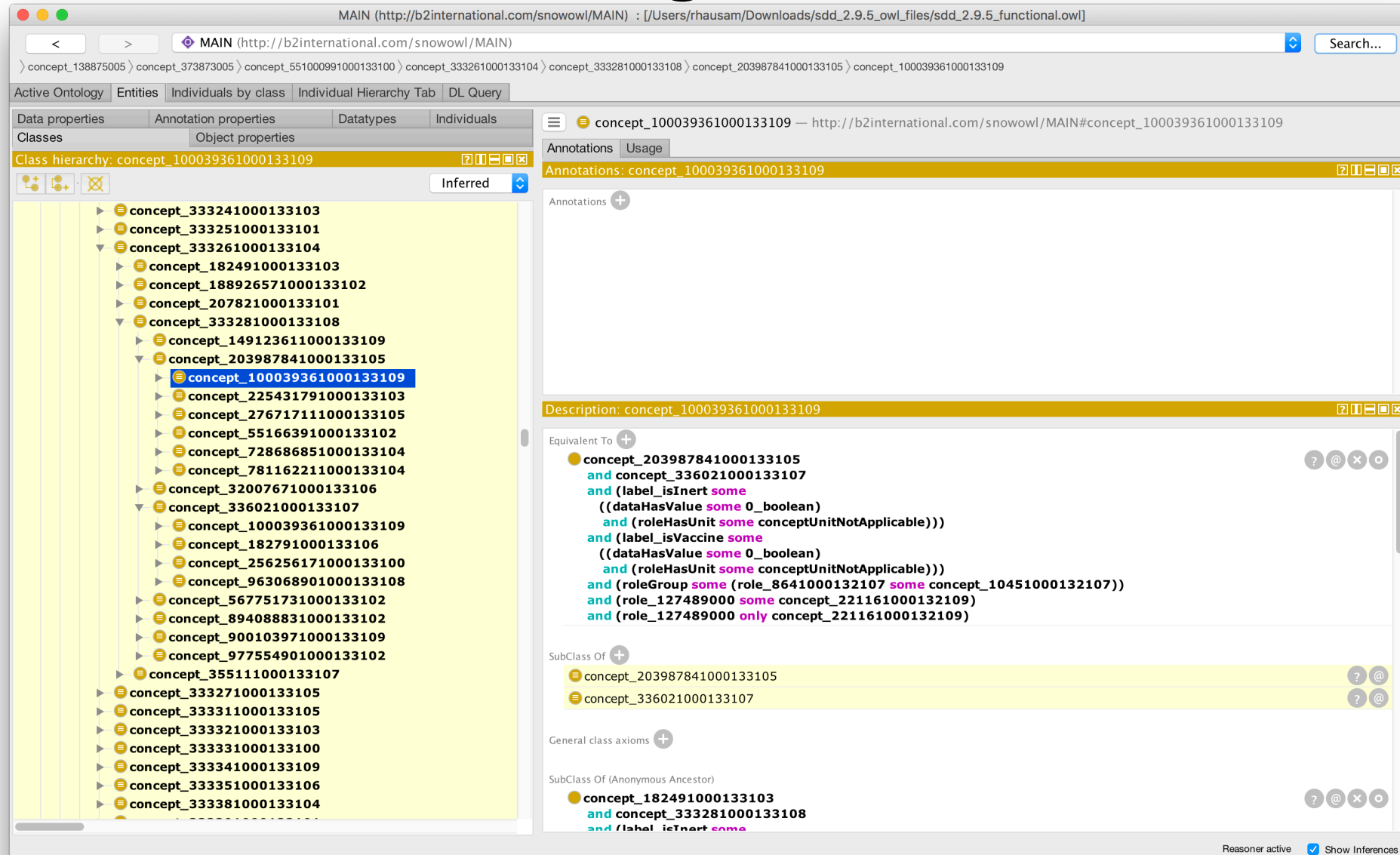
- Classification of the entire SNOMED CT ontology with the single additional negated concept of “Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia” and the supporting additional logic
 - MacBook Pro 2016 16 GB RAM
- Performed using the expressive OWL 2 reasoner FaCT++ in 11.9 minutes
- Performed using the updated MORe reasoner combining the ELK and FaCT++ OWL reasoners in 5.2 minutes
- A promising 56% reduction in classification time!

Further Testing

- Singapore Drug Dictionary (SDD)
 - Large numbers of universal restriction axioms
 - Known very long classification time with current reasoners
 - Initial external testing indicated a reduction in classification time from 14 to 7 hours using the MORE reasoner (50% reduction)



SDD View in Protégé

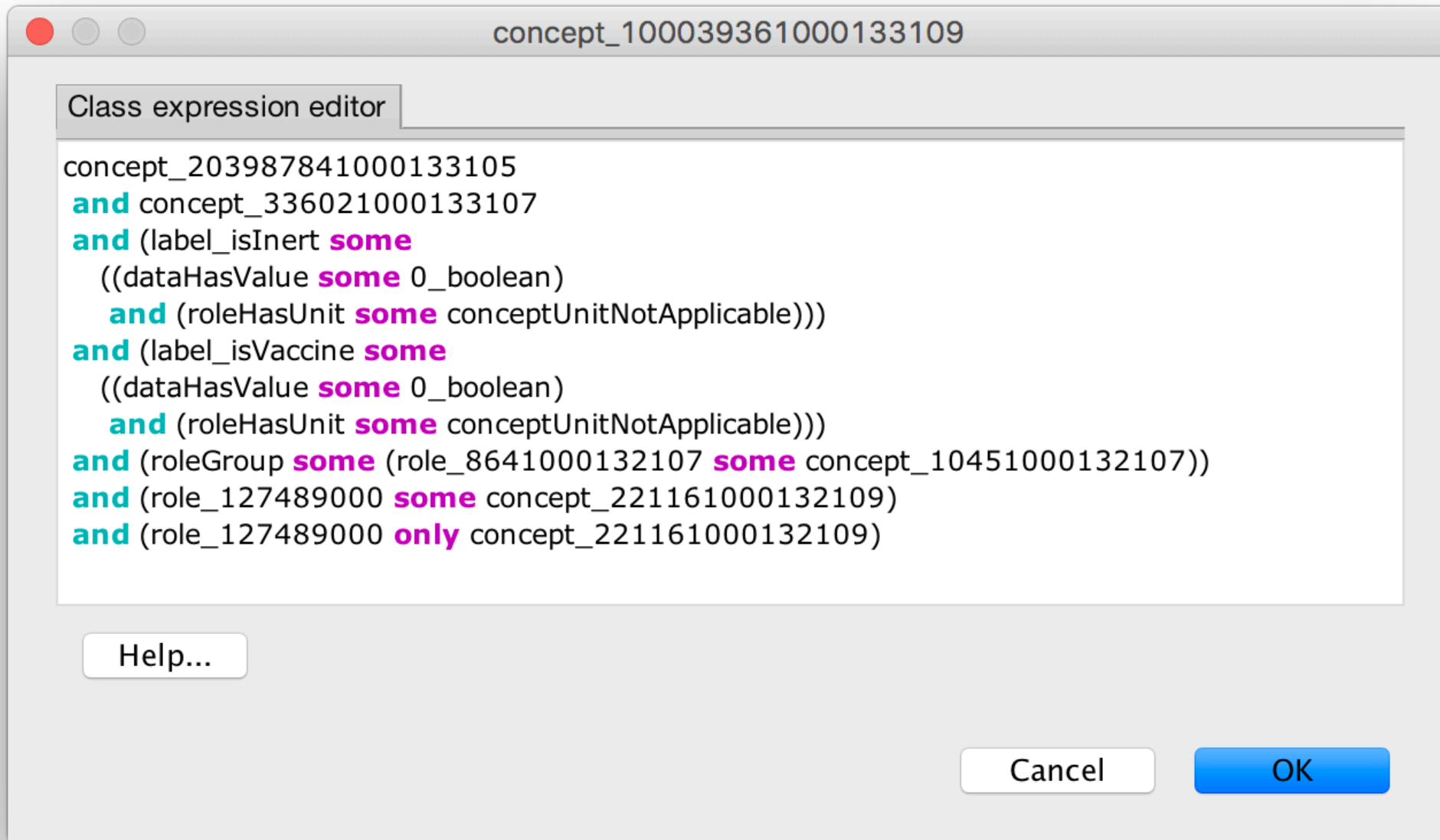


The screenshot displays the Protégé interface showing the SDD (Stereotype Definition Diagram) view for the concept `concept_100039361000133109`. The interface is divided into several panes:

- Left Pane (Class Hierarchy):** Shows a tree view of classes. The selected class, `concept_100039361000133109`, is highlighted in blue. Other visible classes include `concept_333241000133103`, `concept_333251000133101`, `concept_333261000133104`, `concept_182491000133103`, `concept_188926571000133102`, `concept_207821000133101`, `concept_333281000133108`, `concept_149123611000133109`, `concept_203987841000133105`, `concept_225431791000133103`, `concept_276717111000133105`, `concept_55166391000133102`, `concept_728686851000133104`, `concept_781162211000133104`, `concept_32007671000133106`, `concept_336021000133107`, `concept_100039361000133109`, `concept_182791000133106`, `concept_256256171000133100`, `concept_963068901000133108`, `concept_567751731000133102`, `concept_894088831000133102`, `concept_900103971000133109`, `concept_977554901000133102`, `concept_355111000133107`, `concept_333271000133105`, `concept_333311000133105`, `concept_333321000133103`, `concept_333331000133100`, `concept_333341000133109`, `concept_333351000133106`, and `concept_333381000133104`.
- Top Pane (Active Ontology):** Shows the current ontology path: `MAIN (http://b2international.com/snowowl/MAIN)`.
- Right Pane (Annotations):** Shows the annotations for the selected concept, including the description: `concept_100039361000133109`.
- Bottom Pane (Equivalent To):** Shows the equivalent classes for the selected concept, including `concept_203987841000133105` and `concept_336021000133107`.
- SubClass Of:** Shows the subclasses of the selected concept, including `concept_203987841000133105` and `concept_336021000133107`.
- General class axioms:** Shows the general class axioms for the selected concept.
- SubClass Of (Anonymous Ancestor):** Shows the subclasses of the anonymous ancestor, including `concept_182491000133103` and `concept_333281000133108`.

The interface also includes a search bar at the top right, a toolbar with various icons, and a status bar at the bottom indicating "Reasoner active" and "Show Inferences" checked.

SDD Class Expression Example



The screenshot shows a window titled "concept_100039361000133109" with a tab labeled "Class expression editor". The editor contains the following SDD class expression:

```
concept_203987841000133105
and concept_336021000133107
and (label_isInert some
  ((dataHasValue some 0_boolean)
   and (roleHasUnit some conceptUnitNotApplicable)))
and (label_isVaccine some
  ((dataHasValue some 0_boolean)
   and (roleHasUnit some conceptUnitNotApplicable)))
and (roleGroup some (role_8641000132107 some concept_10451000132107))
and (role_127489000 some concept_221161000132109)
and (role_127489000 only concept_221161000132109)
```

At the bottom of the window, there are three buttons: "Help...", "Cancel", and "OK".

SDD Classification Results with Updated MORE Reasoner



- First upgrade the hardware (Amazon EC2 r5.4xlarge instance)
- FaCT++ reasoner alone: 2.626 hours
- Updated MORE Protégé plugin with ELK and FaCT++: 2.413 hours
- Only a disappointing 8.1% reduction! 😞
- But the upgraded hardware was able to significantly reduce classification time (2.6 hours is much better than 14!)

Next Step – MORE 2.0

- This seems promising, as it:
 - Allows use of an improved module extraction algorithm, based on Datalog (logical query language) reasoning
 - Allows additional combinations of reasoners, including the fast Datalog / OWL 2 RL reasoner RDFox
- But there were issues
 - The available MORE 2.0 project is incompletely developed
 - Many reasoner methods were not supported, including `getEquivalentClasses()`, `getSubClasses()` and `isConsistent()`
 - `getAllSuperClasses()` and `getAllUnsatisfiableClasses()` were supported, but they aren't standard OWL API reasoner methods
 - Protégé plugin was partially developed, but not yet functional
 - `getEquivalentClasses()`, `getSubClasses()` and `isConsistent()` methods are required

MORe 2.0 Further Work

- Completed initial implementation of `getEquivalentClasses()`, `getSubClasses()` and `isConsistent()`
- Updated OWL API and reasoner versions
- Completed functioning implementation of the Protégé plugin
 - For Protégé 5.5.0 (could also support earlier versions)

But Some Issues Arose 😞

- Bugs related to the module extraction logic ultimately prevented realizing the MORE 2.0 reasoner capabilities and being able to successfully classify useful ontologies
- So far have been unable to sufficiently resolve these issues
- At present, further work on the MORE 2.0 branch is postponed
 - Temporarily or permanently?

Back to the Future

- Go back to the earlier MORE branch (“0.1.7”)
 - See where to go from there
- Should still serve as a reasonable base for further development
- First reassess the current state
 - Updated ontology – new SNOMED CT release
 - Updated hardware – Amazon EC2 r5.4xlarge instance
 - Intel Xeon Platinum 8000 series (Skylake-SP) processors with a sustained all core Turbo CPU clock speed of up to 3.1 GHz
 - 16 vCPU
 - 128 GB RAM
 - Existing hardware
 - MacBook Pro late 2016 with 16 GB RAM

Current Results

- Use MORe FaCT++
- SNOMED CT July 2019 OWL file, generated by snomed-owl-toolkit
- Enhance with “Non-bacterial infective pneumonia”
 - Not quite as unrealistic as it seems, as relative numbers of “non EL” axioms should always be a small percentage, which is where modular reasoning is likely to perform best
 - Definition is updated from prior version, as some SNOMED CT concepts have been inactivated and replaced

Updated Ontology Stats

- Axioms
 - Total ontology = 351,054
 - OWL 2 = 4
- Modules
 - EL signature = 271,676
 - OWL 2 = 117,957
 - Combined total of 389,633 (> 351,054)
 - OWL 2 module is 30.3% of total (from only 4 axioms!)

Prior Ontology Stats (2018)

- Axioms
 - Total ontology = 325,156
 - OWL 2 = 2
- Modules
 - EL signature = 250,192
 - OWL 2 = 107,021
 - Combined total of 357,213 (> 325,156)
 - OWL 2 module is 30.0% of total (from only 2 axioms!)

Classification Times - How Well Did It Do?

2018 ontology – MacBook

- FaCT++ (alone)
 - 687,914 ms = 11.47 min
- MORE with FaCT++
 - 376,670 ms = 6.28 min (↓ 45.2%)

New ontology

- FaCT++
 - *Way too long!*
- MORE with FaCT++
 - 1,699,151 ms = 28.32 min

2018 ontology – Amazon EC2

- FaCT++ (alone)
 - 391,974 ms = 6.53 min
- MORE with FaCT++
 - 244,850 ms = min (↓ 37.5%)

New ontology

- FaCT++
 - *Way too long!*
- MORE with FaCT++
 - 911,362 ms = 15.19 min



URL: http://snomed.info/sct/900000000000207008/version/_Snapsho : [/Users/rhausam/snomedct_owl-stated-with-negation.owl]

Search...

SNOMED CT Concept (SNOMED RT+CTV3) > Clinical finding (finding) > Disease (disorder) > Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia

Active ontology x Entities x Individuals by class x DL Query x

Annotation properties | Datatypes | Individuals | Classes | Object properties | Data properties

Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia — http://snomed.info/sct/900000000000207008#Non-bacterial_infectious_pneumonia

Annotations Usage

Class hierarchy: Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia

Annotations: Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia

Annotations +

- rdfs:label Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia

Description: Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia

Equivalent To +

- 'Disease (disorder)' and ('Role group (attribute)' some ((not ('Causative agent (attribute)' some 'Superkingdom Bacteria (organism)')) and ('Associated morphology (attribute)' some 'Inflammation and consolidation (morphologic abnormality)') and ('Causative agent (attribute)' some 'Microorganism (organism)') and ('Finding site (attribute)' some 'Lung structure (body structure)') and ('Pathological process (attribute)' some 'Infectious process (qualifier value))))))

SubClass Of +

General class axioms +

SubClass Of (Anonymous Ancestor)

Instances +

Target for Key +

Class hierarchy (left sidebar):

- Neuromuscular junction disorder (disorder)
- Neuropathic foot ulcer due to type 2 diabetes mellitus (disorder)
- Neuropathic toe ulcer due to type 2 diabetes mellitus (disorder)
- Neuropathy associated with endocrine disorder (disorder)
- Neuropathy associated with hypoglycemia (disorder)
- Neuropathy caused by isoniazid (disorder)
- Neuropathy due to infection (disorder)
- Neuropathy due to type 2 diabetes mellitus (disorder)
- Nevus of left iris (disorder)
- Nevus of right iris (disorder)
- Nitrogen embolism (disorder)
- Nocardial pneumonia (disorder)
- Nocardiosis (disorder)
- Nodular basal cell carcinoma of skin (disorder)
- Nodular lymphoid hyperplasia of lung (disorder)
- Nodular regenerative hyperplasia of liver (disorder)
- Nodular regenerative hyperplasia of liver (disorder)
- Nodular thyroid disease (disorder)
- Non-amyloid fibrillary glomerulonephritis (disorder)
- Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia**
- Non-Hodgkin lymphoma of central nervous system (disorder)
- Non-Hodgkin lymphoma of central nervous system (disorder)
- Non-infective ulceration of small intestine (disorder)
- Non-labyrinthine vertigo (disorder)
- Non-neoplastic hygroma (disorder)
- Non-O1 and non-O139 Vibrio cholerae infection (disorder)
- Non-obstructive atherosclerosis of coronary artery (disorder)
- Non-pyogenic bacterial infection of skin (disorder)
- Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis (disorder)
- Non-seminomatous germ cell neoplasia (disorder)
- Non-suppurative otitis media (disorder)
- Non-tuberculous mycobacterial pneumonia (disorder)
- Non-diabetic proliferative retinopathy (disorder)

To use the reasoner click Reasoner > Start reasoner Show Inferences

[_Snapsho \(http://snomed.info/sct/90000000000207008/version/_Snapsho\)](http://snomed.info/sct/90000000000207008/version/_Snapsho) : [/Users/rhausam/snomedct_owl-stated-with-negation.owl]

[<](#) [>](#) [_Snapsho \(http://snomed.info/sct/90000000000207008/version/_Snapsho\)](#) Search...

> SNOMED CT Conc > Clinical fi > Finding b > Disorder by t > Disorder of bo > Disorder of respi > Disorder of lower re > Disorder o > Pneumor > Pneumo > Infective pne > Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia

Active ontology x Entities x Individuals by class x DL Query x

Annotation properties Datatypes Individuals
 Classes Object properties Data properties

Class hierarchy: Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia

- Focal pneumonia (disorder)
- Gangrenous pneumonia (disorder)
- Granulomatous pneumonia (disorder)
- Hemorrhagic pneumonia (disorder)
- Hypostatic pneumonia (disorder)
- Infective pneumonia (disorder)
 - Adenoviral pneumonia (disorder)
 - Bacterial pneumonia (disorder)
 - Bronchopneumonia caused by Human
 - Fungal pneumonia (disorder)
 - Healthcare associated pneumonia (disorder)
 - Infective pneumonia acquired prenatally
 - Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia**
 - Viral pneumonia (disorder)
 - Chickenpox pneumonia (disorder)
 - Cytomegaloviral pneumonia (disorder)
 - Herpes simplex pneumonia (disorder)
 - Infectious mononucleosis pneumonia
 - Measles pneumonia (disorder)
 - Parainfluenza virus pneumonia
 - Pneumonia caused by Human rhinovirus
 - Rubella pneumonia (disorder)
 - Viral pneumonia associated with influenza
- Nosocomial pneumonia (disorder)
- Pneumonia caused by Human coronavirus
- Pneumonia caused by influenza (disorder)
- Pneumonia caused by respiratory syncytial virus
- Pneumonia due to parasitic infestation
- Interstitial pneumonia (disorder)
- Lobar pneumonia (disorder)
- Lobular pneumonia (disorder)
- Neonatal pneumonia (disorder)
- Non-infectious pneumonia (disorder)

Annotations: Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia

Annotations +
 rdfs:label
 Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia

Description: Non-bacterial infectious pneumonia

Equivalent To +
 'Disease (disorder)' and ('Role group (attribute)' some ((not ('Causative agent (attribute)' some 'Superkingdom Bacteria (organism)')) and ('Associated morphology (attribute)' some 'Inflammation and consolidation (morphologic abnormality)') and ('Causative agent (attribute)' some 'Microorganism (organism)') and ('Finding site (attribute)' some 'Lung structure (body structure)') and ('Pathological process (attribute)' some 'Infectious process (qualifier value)'))))

SubClass Of +
 'Infective pneumonia (disorder)'

General class axioms +

SubClass Of (Anonymous Ancestor)
 'Disease (disorder)' and ('Role group (attribute)' some (('Associated morphology (attribute)' some 'Inflammation and consolidation (morphologic abnormality)'))

Reasoner active Show Inferences



Other Modular Reasoning Possibilities?

ComR (a combined OWL reasoner for ontology classification)

- From Tianjin University in China
 - <https://www.researchgate.net/publication/323201927> (Feb 2018)
- Recently discovered this - haven't obtained access yet
- Features
 - Evokes the OWL 2 reasoner and EL reasoner in parallel
 - Can create a smaller OWL 2 (non-EL) module (compared to MORE)
- Results
 - Report that reasoning time is reduced by 83.7% compared against MORE

Modular Reasoning and SNOMED CT

Where To Go From Here?



- Further develop “experimental” options (not yet complete)
 - RL rewrite
 - RL rewrite and materialization by stages
- Develop and/or apply new module extraction algorithms
 - Goal is to minimize number of axioms in OWL 2 module while preserving all inferences
 - May be able to reconsider using HermiT if the OWL 2 module is small enough
- Add additional reasoners and combinations
 - RDFox?
- Evaluate ComR (if possible)

Questions?

- Email me at rob@hausamconsulting.com