Moving from ICD-9-CM Legacy to SNOMED CT Based Clinical Content ...an implementation in progress...

Nova Scotia – Physicians Manual Modernization Project

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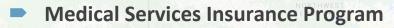
Objectives

- Explain how the feasibility of proceeding with SNOMED CT implementation was assessed
- Share the approach used to clean and map legacy diagnoses and then build specialty specific subsets
- Describe the methods, tooling and documentation used to support review and audit
- Talk about lessons learned and the way forward

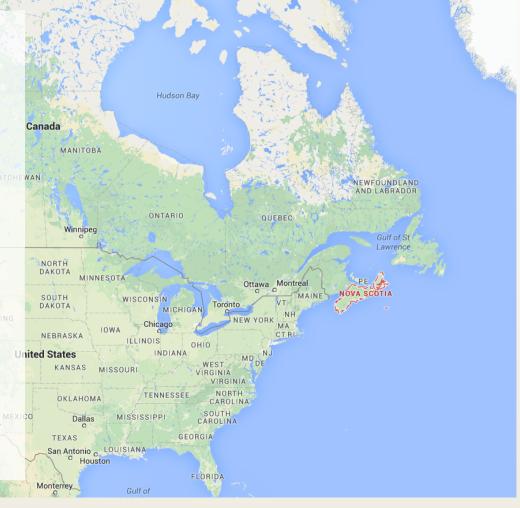
Nova Scotia & Medical Service Insurance Program



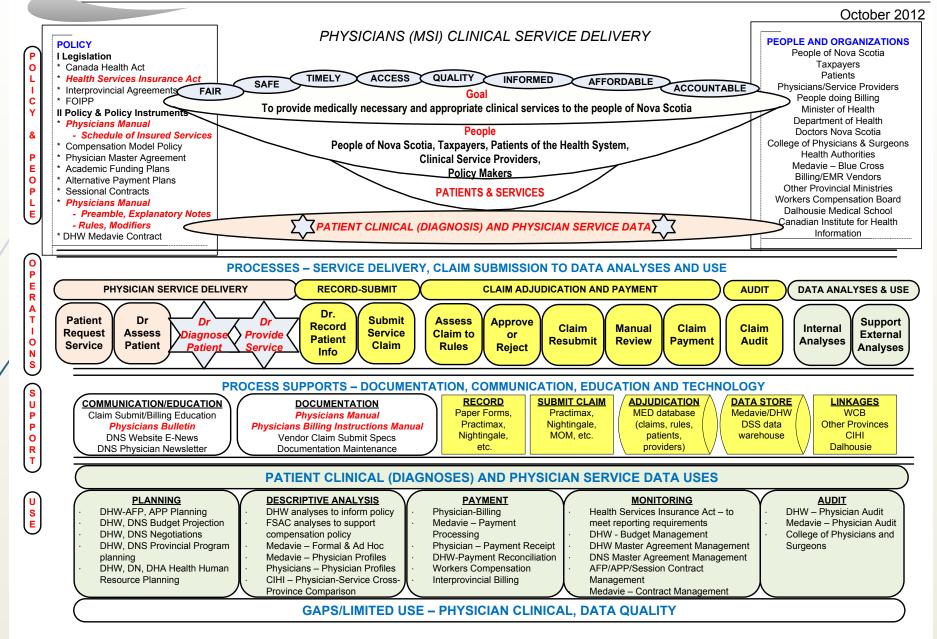
Nova Scotia & Medical Service Insurance Program



- Publicly funded program for physicians services for all people in Nova Scotia
- Physicians required to collect/submit diagnoses, health service and other information elements
- Mature program involving
 - Policy, People, Operations/Support, Data Use
- Department of Health responsible for program policy (include IM policy), funding, monitoring and accountability
- Physicians Service delivery & reporting
- Data/claims processing 3rd party vendor
- EMR 3rd party vendors



Nova Scotia Medical Services Insurance Program – Current State





NS PMMP Goals for Future to 2030

To Implement

- Modernize the Schedule of Insured Services for the people of NS
- 2. Establish and implement framework to accurately define clinical diagnosis and service descriptions
- 3. Prepare and sustain relevant and accurate supporting documentation
- 4. Update related policy and operational processes
- 5. Align required data and information flows to meet accountabilities and support clinicians and organizations
- 6. Retain current and increase future data and information use

Six Phases Spanning 2012 - 2017

Planning Through Implementation

- I. Project Scope and Map
- II. Clinical Diagnosis and Services Reporting Content Definition, Development and Documentation
 - I. Assessment of Feasibility
 - II. SNOMED CT and CPT Adoption Decision
 - **III.** Clinical Term Cleaning, Mapping and Subsets
- III. Clinical and Service Content Use, Policy and Process Modification and IT Assessment of Requirements (including uses)
- IV. Policy and Process Testing and IT modification
- V. Implementation of policy, processes and IT
- VI. Implementation Maintenance

Kathy Giannangelo

Assessment of Feasibility & Diagnoses Cleaning, Mapping and Validation

Assessment of Feasibility: Four Dimensions

- Technical
- Organizational
- Improved content
- Overall

SNOMED CT – Appraisal to Subsets

- SNOMED CT Adoption Diagnoses
 - Diagnoses content broad appraisal
 - Cleaning and Mapping
 - Physician Validation
 - Specialty Specific Subset

Cleaning Diagnoses Descriptions

Diagnoses cleaned to support mapping to SNOMED CT Approach:

- Identify diagnosis description
- Identify reputable source of ICD-9-CM description and code
 - Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2012 version
- Review each diagnosis description
- Create the cleaned diagnosis description

Cleaned Diagnoses Descriptions

NS Description	CDC Description	Cleaned Description
Other convulsions	Other convulsions	Other convulsions
Ben neo pit gl/craniophar duct	Benign neoplasm of pituitary gland and craniopharyngeal duct	Benign neoplasm of pituitary gland and craniopharyngeal duct
Unspecified thyroiditis	Thyroiditis, unspecified	Thyroiditis, unspecified
Sprains and strains of ribs	Sprain of ribs	Sprains and strains of ribs
Oth br lacn/contus w op wnd nos	Other and unspecified cerebral laceration and contusion, with open intracranial wound, unspecified state of consciousness	Other brain laceration and contusion, with open wound, unspecified
Other sympt nerv/musculoskel system		Other symptoms of nervous and musculoskeletal system

Why is Mapping Needed?

To provide a link between one terminology (ICD-9-CM) to another terminology (SNOMED CT) in order to retain the value of historical data

- Support auditing and analyses across years
- Enable continuation of current analyses

Combined Specialties and Subspecialties

- Surgery 669
 - Cardiovascular/Thoracic Surgery 112
 - Thoracic Surgery 289
 - Vascular Surgery 396
- Pathology 890
 - Anatomical Pathology 749
 - Haematological Pathology 61
 - Neuropathology 70
 - General Pathology 260

- Genetics 489
 - Human Genetics 19
 - Medical Genetics 483
- Neurology 1483
 - Neurology 1,400
 - Neurology Paediatric 307
- Diagnostic Imaging 1703
 - Diagnostic Radiology 1704
 - Nuclear Medicine 30
 - Diagnostic & Therapeutic Radiology 30

Mapping Examples

- Single Pre-coordinated Concepts (9,540)
 - 230.2 Carcinoma in situ of stomach
 - 92756002 | Carcinoma in situ of stomach (disorder) |
- Multiple Pre-coordinated Concepts (678)
 - 379.92 Swelling or mass of eye
 - 300849006 | Mass of eye structure (finding) |
 - 45177002 | Swelling of structure of eye (finding) |
- Post-coordination (ongoing)
 - 170.5 Malignant neoplasm of short bones of upper limb
 - 126571009|Neoplasm of short bone of upper limb (disorder)|: 116676008|Associated morphology (attribute)|= 367651003|Malignant neoplasm of primary, secondary, or uncertain origin (morphologic abnormality)|
- Not Mapped (30)
 - V68.2 Request for expert evidence

SNOMED CT to ICD-9-CM Equivalency Map, July 31, 2013

- Number of records: 116,419
 - Unique number of ICD-9-CM codes: 11,610
 - Unique number of SNOMED CT concepts with map: 85,002
 - Unique number of SNOMED CT concepts without map: 18,376
- SNOMED CT source code to target map code correlation value
 - **Exact match** map from SNOMED CT source code to target code
 - Broad to narrow map from SNOMED CT source code to target code
 - Narrow to broad map from SNOMED CT source code to target code
 - Partial overlap between SNOMED CT source code and target code
 - SNOMED CT source code not mappable to target coding scheme
 - SNOMED CT source code to target map code correlation not specified

SNOMED CT to ICD-9-CM Equivalency Map, July 31, 2013

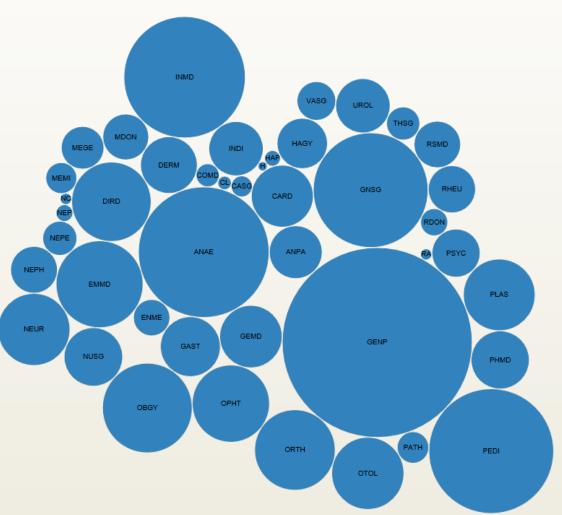
- What we used: 7,885 maps
 - Unique SNOMED CT concepts: 7,882
 - Unique ICD-9-CM codes: 7,590
 - Correlation
 - Exact match: 6487
 - Narrow to broad: 1376
 - Broad to narrow: 19
 - Partial overlap: 3

- What we did not use: 73,518 maps
 - Unique SNOMED CT concepts: 64,046
 - Unique ICD-9-CM codes: 6,935
 - Correlation
 - Exact match: 10183
 - Narrow to broad: 62314
 - Broad to narrow: 788
 - Partial overlap: 233

Mapping and Validation Process

Mapping

- Extract historical clinical diagnoses (ICD-9-CM), ~10,341
- Map clinical diagnoses to SNOMED CT
 - Apply map between SNOMED CT and ICD-9-CM developed by the IHTSDO
 - Apply lexical matching (compare cleaned diagnoses descriptions to SNOMED CT descriptions)
 - Manual review and mapping



Mapping and Validation Process (Cont'd)

- Cycle 1: Physician Beacons Validation of Mapping
 - Validation sets of 500 clinical diagnoses
 - Per specialty
 - Beacons validate mappings
 - Clinical meaning index (CMI)
 - Clinical meaning is the same
 - Clinical meaning is somewhat the same
 - Clinical meaning is different
 - Unsure
 - Analyse results and respond
 - Beacons CMI lower than RKL CMI
 - Beacons have comments
 - Update map

Related Content - Rules

- Validation, adjudication and audit rules
- Analysis of business rule components
- Linking rules to policies, diagnoses and health services
- From new content to existing -> implications on rules

Reviewing Beacons Feedback

Response to Beacons Feedback	
Change required	
Change not required - clinician does not use code	21
Change not required - clinician is unsure of code	35
Change not required - synonym exists	121
Change not required - definition is implicit	22
Change not required - suggested term is more/less specific	4
Change not required - clinician is making general comment or comment about ICD that does not affect the code	214
Change not required - term showed clinician is the same or almost exactly the same as source term	60
Change not required - other or unspecified	16
Change not required - mapping rule applies	
Change not required - best SNOMED CT concept available assigned	

Building Specialty Specific Subsets Methods, Tooling and Documentation

Dennis Lee

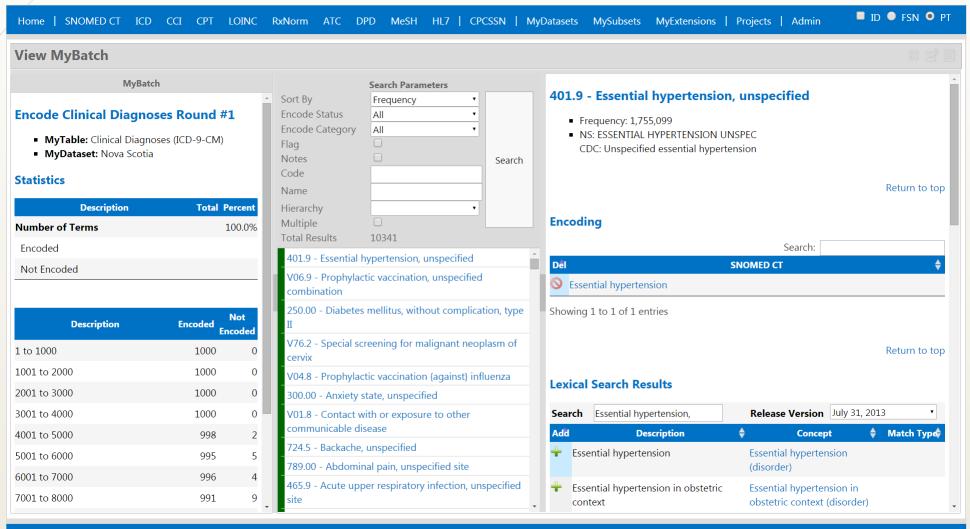
Building Subsets

- Three Cycles
 - 1) Map Validation 2) Remove Redundant 3) Add Relevant
- Start with local terms Map Validation Results
- Use other credible subsets as resources
- Adapt for Nova Scotia use
- Support with tools
- Physician involvement throughout

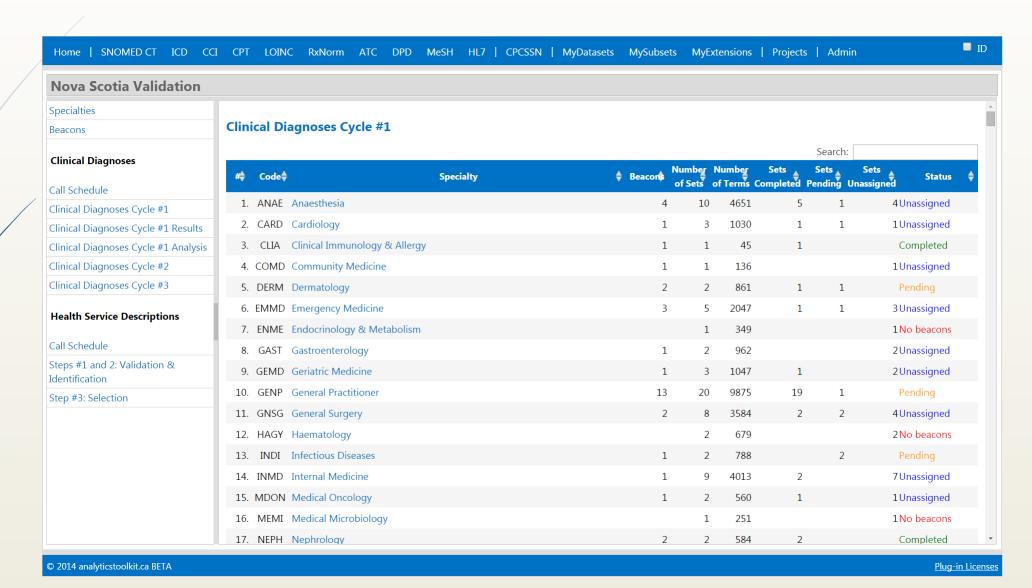
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- Terminology server
 - Search/Browse
 - SNOMED CT
 - ■ICD-9-CM
 - **■** CPT
 - **..**
 - Standardized tools
 - MyDatasets
 - MySubsets
 - Customised tools
 - Nova Scotia Validation
 - Nova Scotia Call Schedule

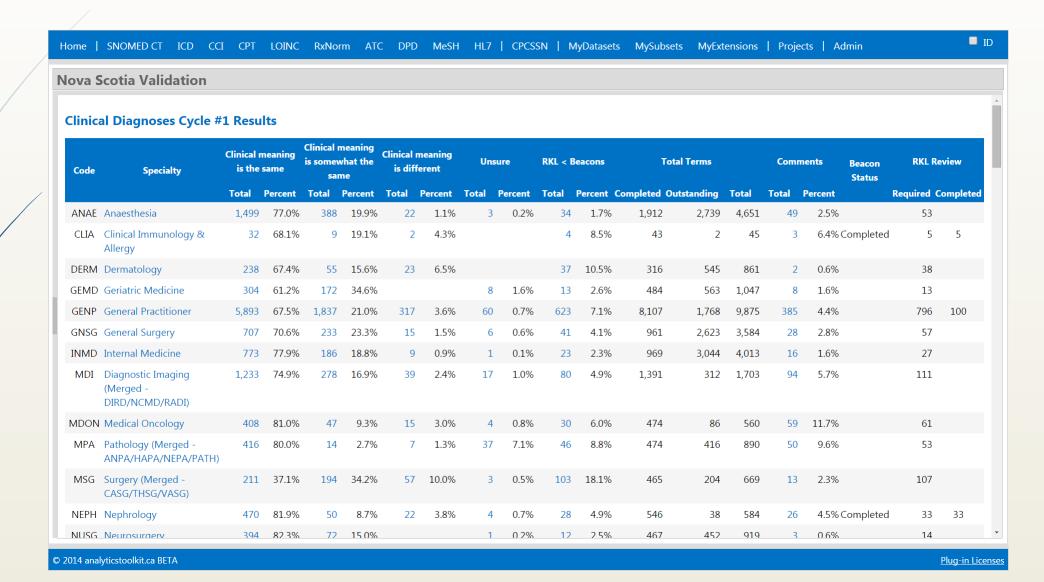
Cycle 1 - Mapping Datasets



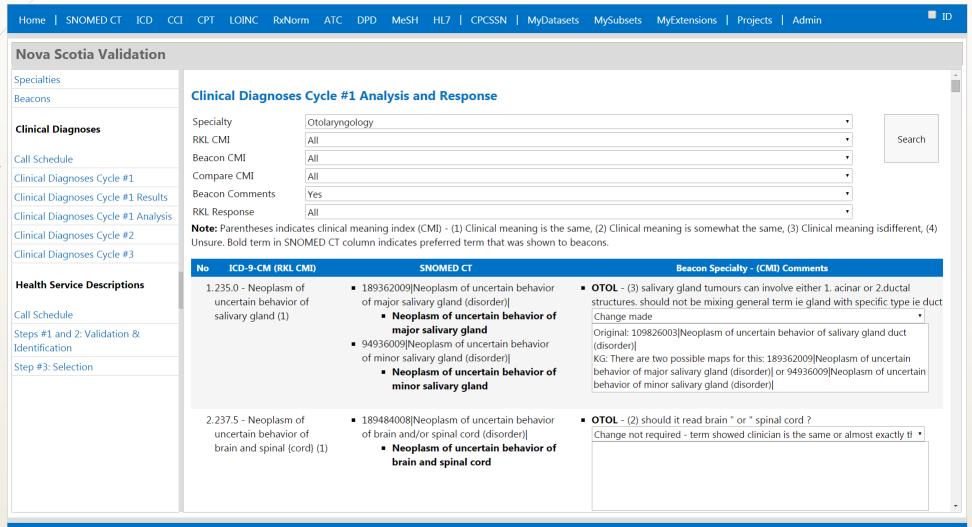
Cycle 1 - Tracking Validation Progress



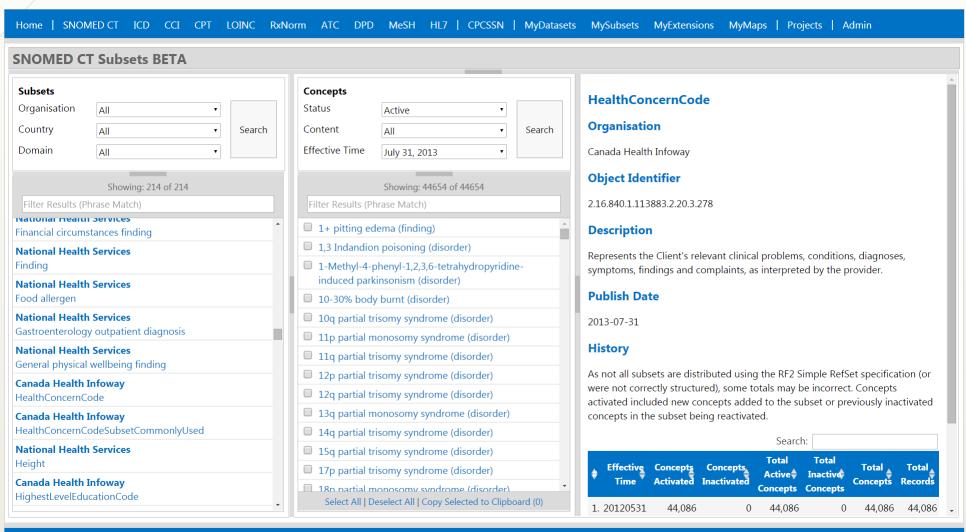
Cycle 1 - Tracking Validation Progress (cont)



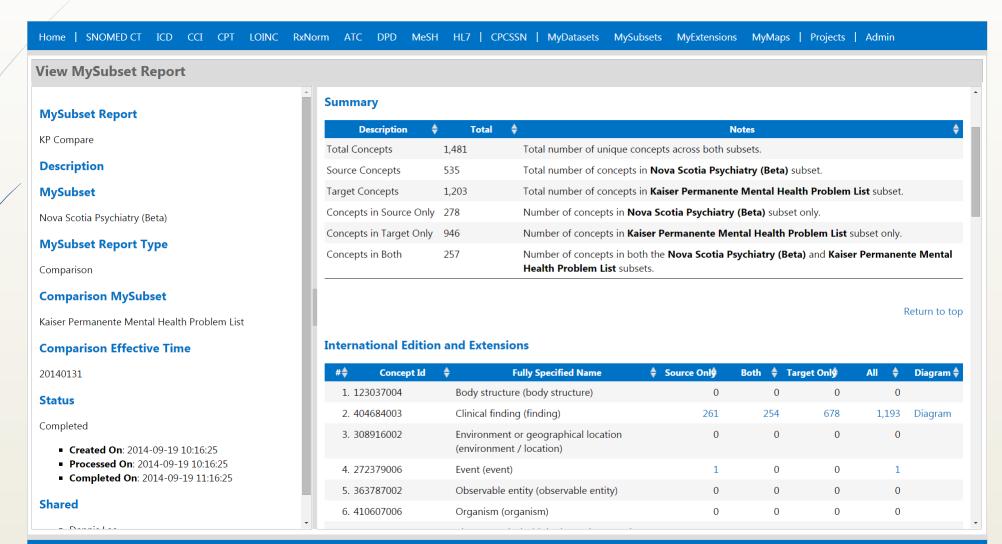
Cycle 1 - Tracking Validation Progress (cont)



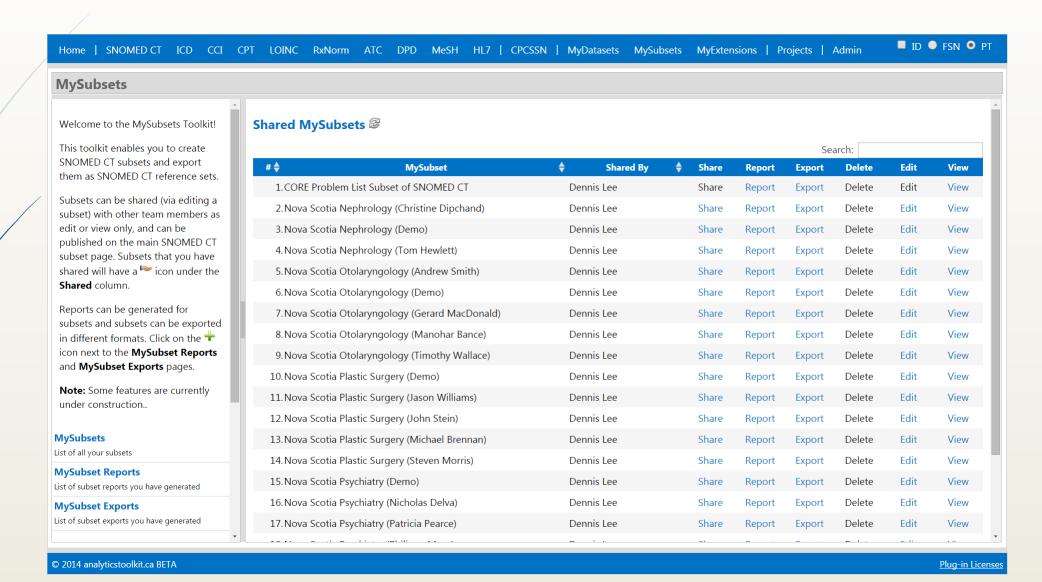
Cycle 2/3 - SNOMED CT Subset Browser

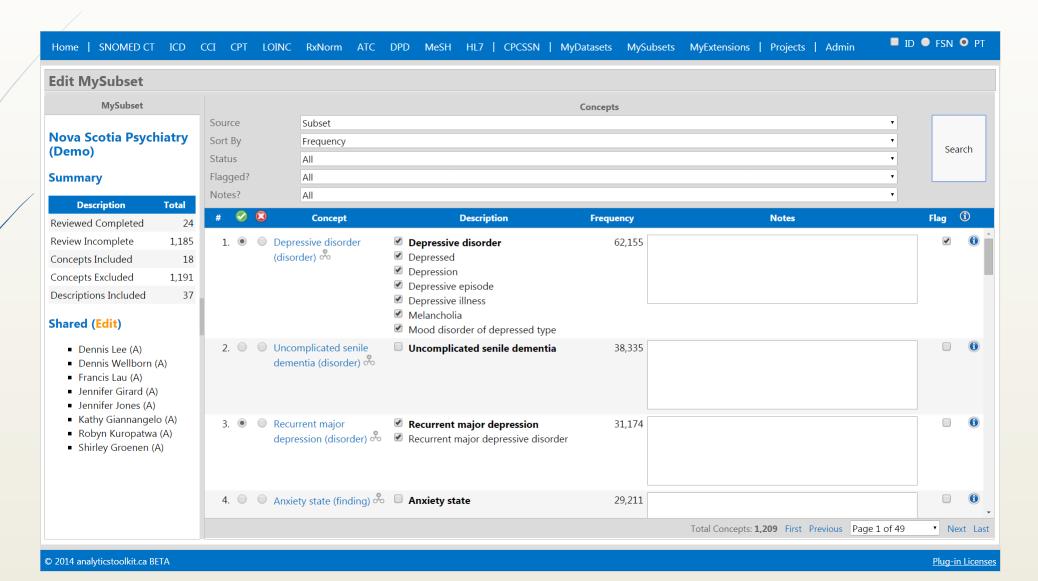


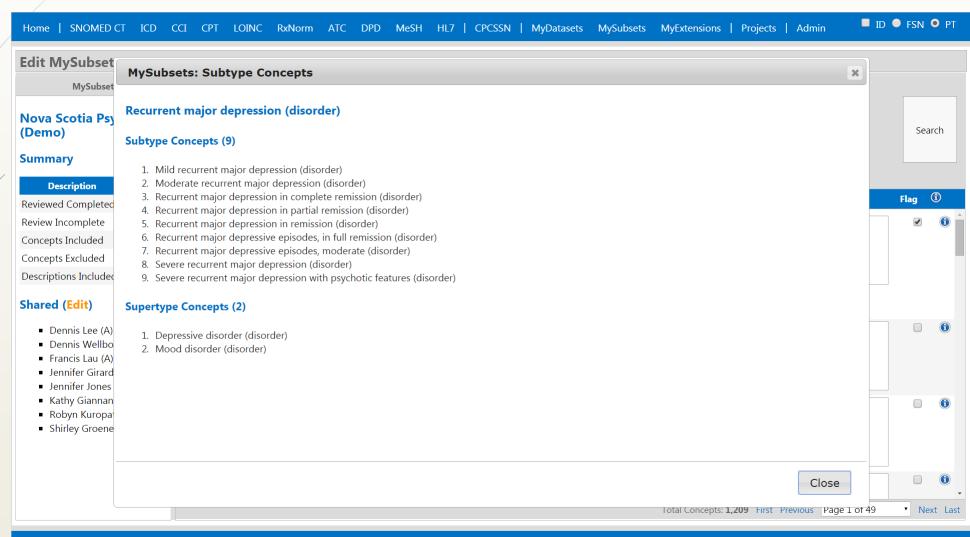
Cycle 2/3 Subset Reports



Cycle 2/3 Subset Management

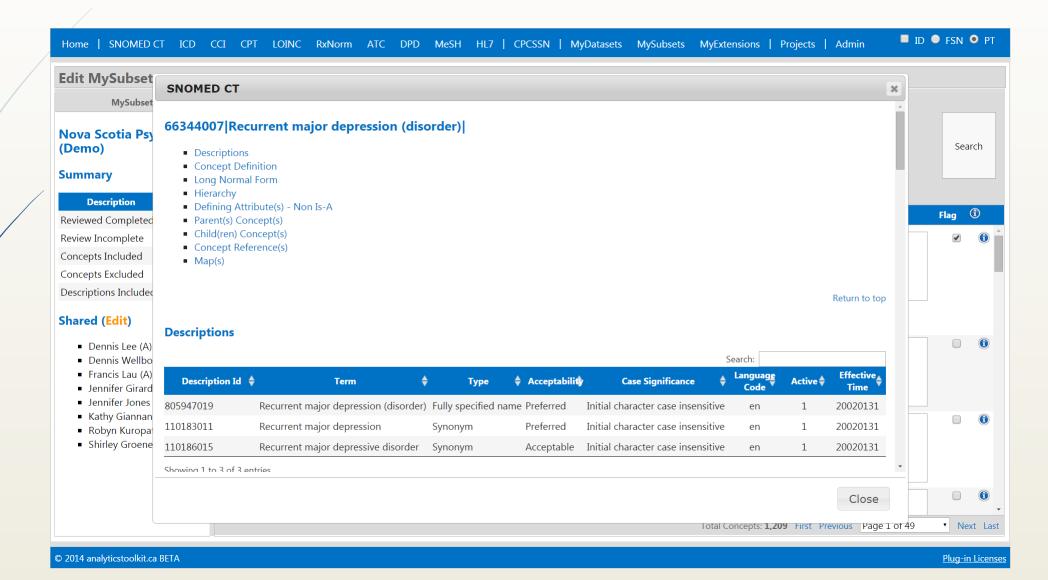


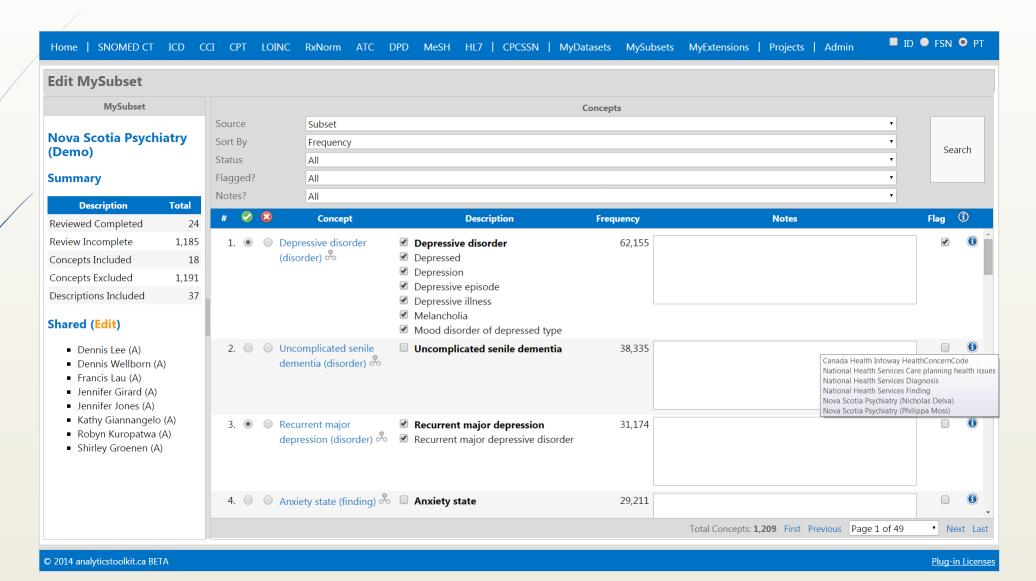




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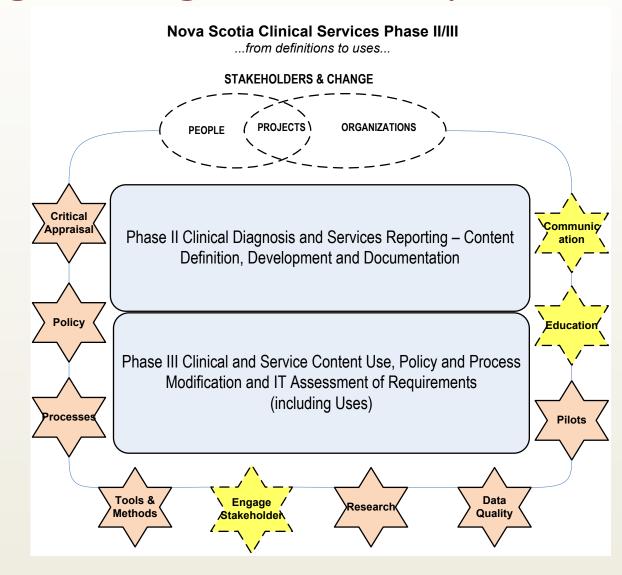
Lessons Learned and the Way Forward

Robyn Kuropatwa

Information Management First

- First do the information management work separate from the information technology then define the intersection points
- Moving to standard terminologies/subsets in well-established programs with legacy information, processes and systems
 - Need to consider all components from definitions through to use
 - Diligence in understanding the old and proceeding with the new
 - Considering terminologies and related clinical term sets as provincial terminology assets with related/required supports/maintenance

Change Management – People and Processes



Layers of Documentation and Analyses

- Policy documents
- Project Methods and Approach
- Physician Engagement/Clinical Content Validation and Subset Development – need to be able to withstand long-term scrutiny
- Physician Claims Data Analyses
 - Supports all project phases
 - Support all methods
 - Link Policy, information collected, system rules, explanatory codes
 - Old New Cross-Walks

Approaches, Methods and Tooling

- Working through legacy
 - ➤ You have to consider the history at the same time you are building the future it is not just reimbursement
 - Need to think from policy to use concurrently
- Approaches
- Methods
- Resource and Reference material
- Tooling
- Find, adapt, adopt clinical specialty specific subsets

Over the Next 11 months

- Project Management
- Governance
- Change Management
- Program Policy
- Clinical Content Specialty Specific Subsets (35)
- Information Management and Documentation (Subset Lifecycle)
- Data Uses

Questions and Thank You

Questions

Thank you for your time. It has been a pleasure.