

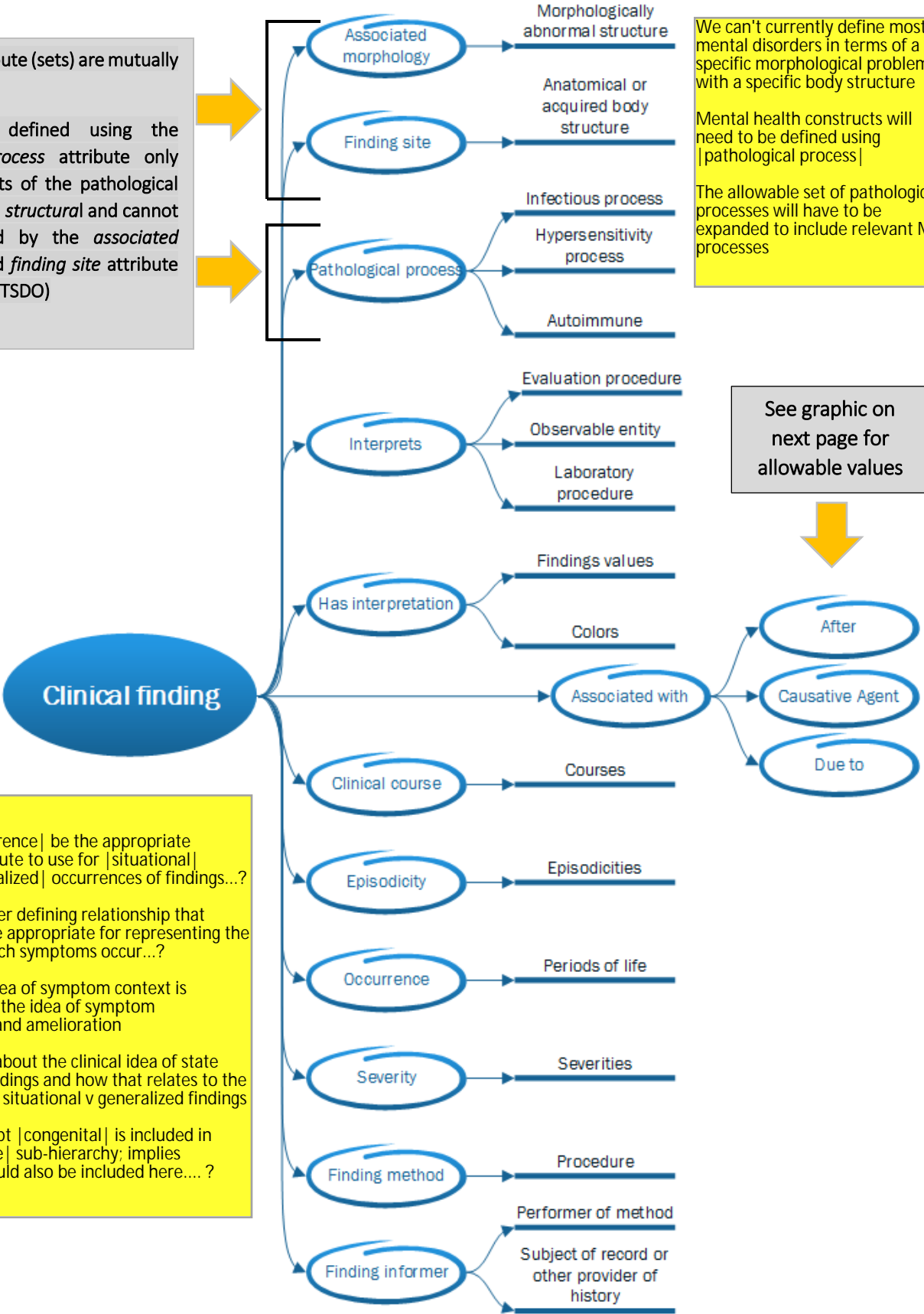
These two attribute (sets) are mutually exclusive.

A finding is defined using the *pathological process* attribute only when the results of the pathological process are *not structural* and cannot be represented by the *associated morphology* and *finding site* attribute combination (IHTSDO)

We can't currently define most mental disorders in terms of a specific morphological problem with a specific body structure

Mental health constructs will need to be defined using |pathological process|

The allowable set of pathological processes will have to be expanded to include relevant MH processes



See graphic on next page for allowable values



Occurrence

Would |occurrence| be the appropriate defining attribute to use for |situational| versus |generalized| occurrences of findings...?

Is there another defining relationship that might be more appropriate for representing the context in which symptoms occur...?

Note 1: the idea of symptom context is different than the idea of symptom exacerbation and amelioration

Note 2: think about the clinical idea of state versus trait findings and how that relates to the clinical idea of situational v generalized findings

Note 3: concept |congenital| is included in |periods of life| sub-hierarchy; implies |acquired| could also be included here.... ?

