

SNOMED
International

Delivering
SNOMED CT

FHIR Terminology Services with SNOMED CT

snomedexpo.org



[@snomedct](https://twitter.com/snomedct)



[linkedin.com/company/ihtsdo/](https://www.linkedin.com/company/ihtsdo/)

Objective

The objective of this workshop is to:

- Gain a basic understanding of SNOMED CT enabled terminology services and Snowstorm
- Learn how to deploy Snowstorm Lite in your local environments
- Understand how to use FHIR terminology services



Outline

Set up Snowstorm Lite and Import SNOMED CT

9-11

Welcome and introductions

Local introduction

Introduction to SNOMED CT enabled terminology services

Snowstorm Lite setup and Import of SNOMED

10h45

Break

Use Snowstorm Lite to access and query SNOMED CT

11-13

Use cases for FHIR Terminology services

Practice using terminology services

Wrap-up and questions

snomed.org/dev-training



Introduction



SNOMED CT

The world's most comprehensive
multilingual clinical terminology

The global
language of
healthcare

A Brief History



2002

First release of SNOMED CT
(merge of SNOMED and Read Codes)



2007

Acquired by IHTSDO
for the public good in 2007



2017

IHTSDO adopted the trading
name **SNOMED International**



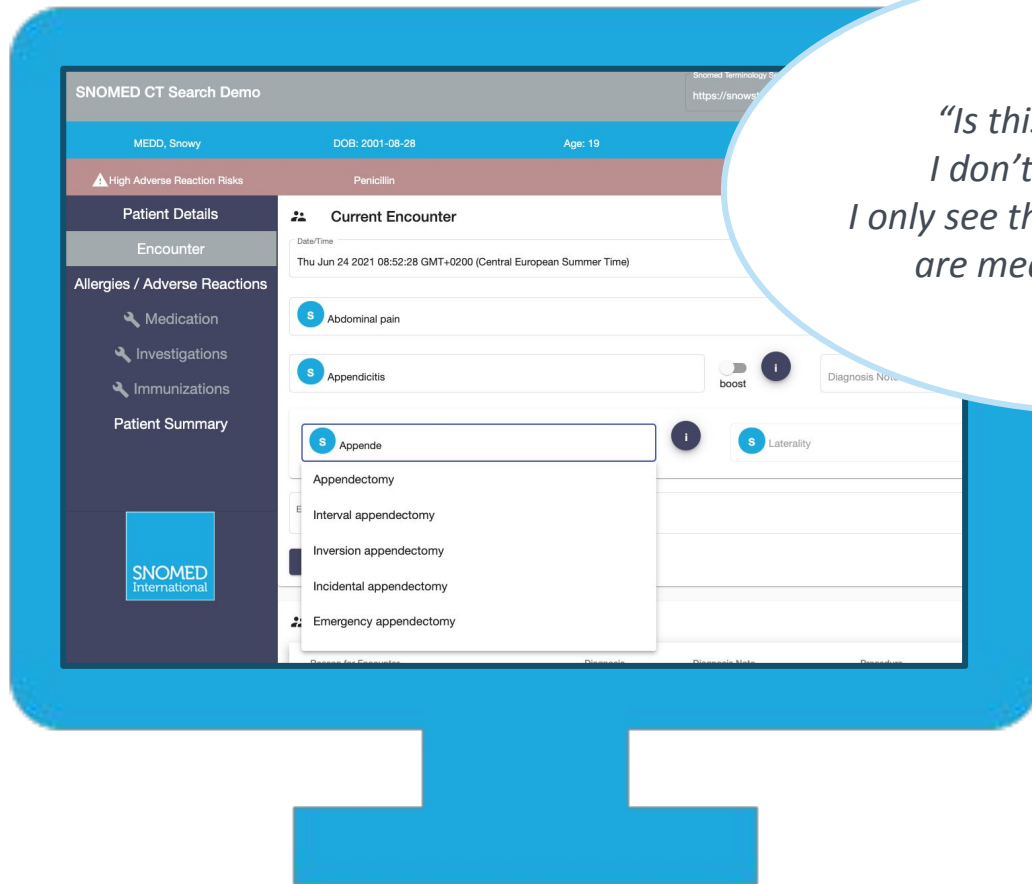
Who is involved now?



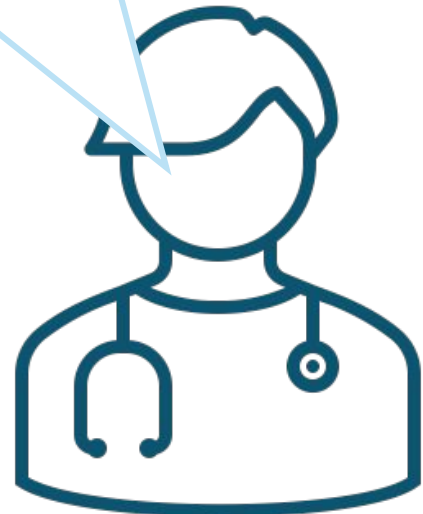
What is SNOMED CT?

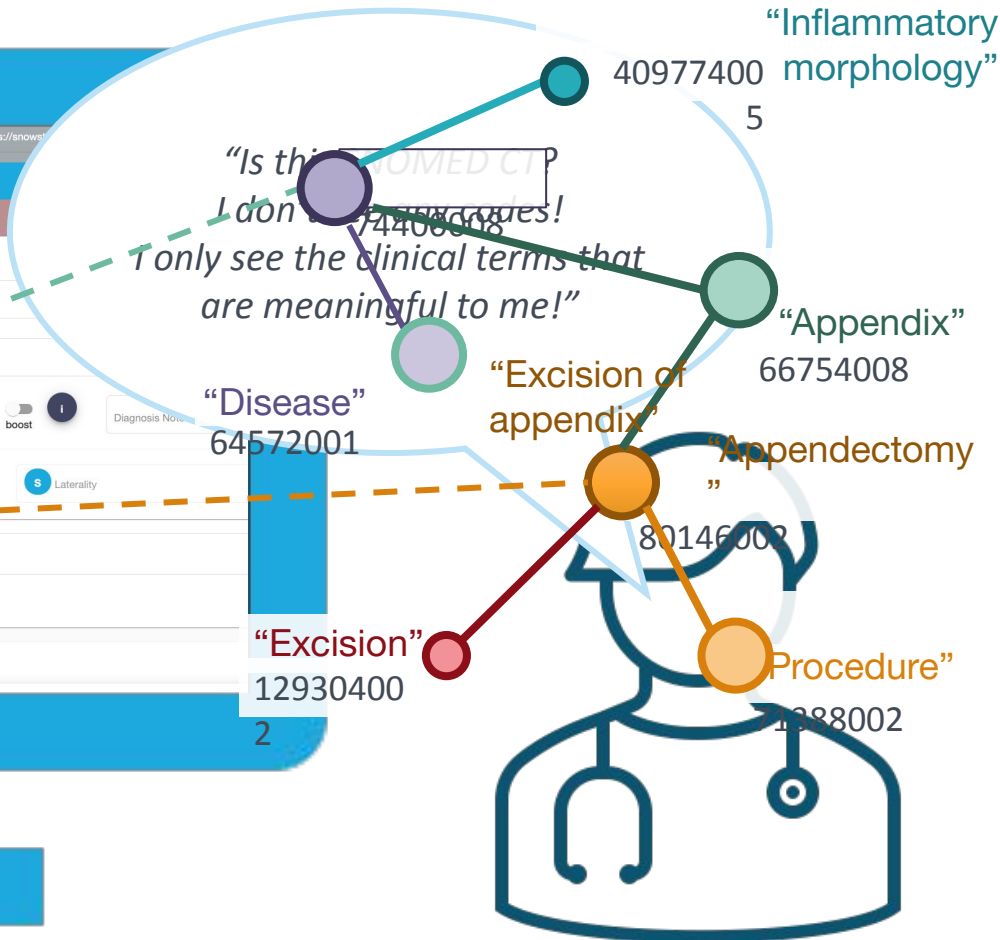
It represents clinical meanings uniquely and has a built-in semantic network

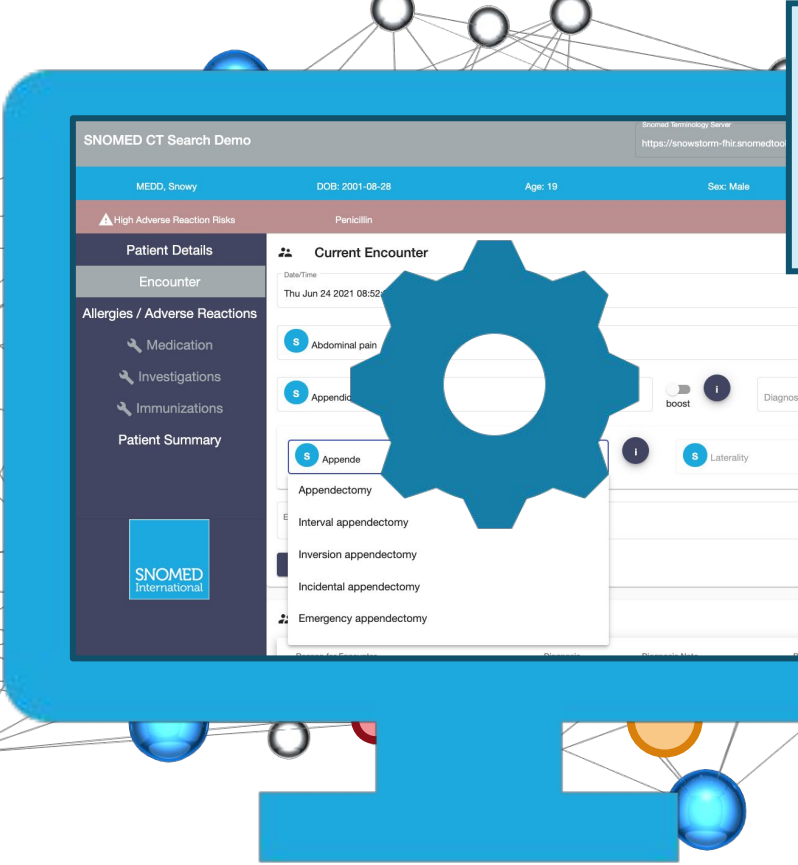




*“Is this SNOMED CT?
I don’t see any codes!
I only see the clinical terms that
are meaningful to me!”*



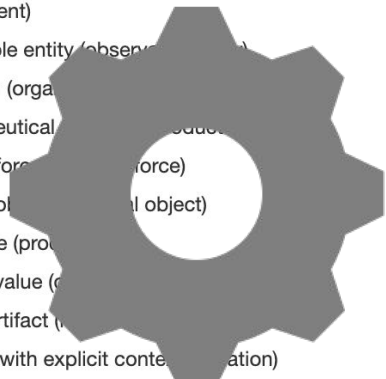




Accurate and consistent recording of clinical information

Flexible retrieval of clinical information

Enabling the benefits of
SNOMED CT requires it to be
part of a well-designed system

- 
- ▼ ● SNOMED CT Concept (SNOMED RT+CTV3)
 - ▶ ● Body structure (body structure)
 - ▶ ● Clinical finding (finding)
 - ▶ ● Environment or geographical location (environment / location)
 - ▶ ● Event (event)
 - ▶ ● Observable entity (observable entity)
 - ▶ ● Organism (organism)
 - ▶ ● Pharmaceutical (pharmaceutical)
 - ▶ ● Physical form (physical form)
 - ▶ ● Physical object (physical object)
 - ▶ ● Procedure (procedure)
 - ▶ ● Qualifier value (qualifier value)
 - ▶ ● Record artifact (record artifact)
 - ▶ ● Situation with explicit context (situation)
 - ▶ ● SNOMED CT Model Component (metadata)
 - ▶ ● Social context (social concept)
 - ▶ ● Special concept (special concept)
 - ▶ ● Specimen (specimen)
 - ▶ ● Staging and scales (staging scale)
 - ▶ ● Substance (substance)



SNOMED CT Enabled Health Record



A digital record of health information related to individual patients

Examples of SNOMED CT encoded data

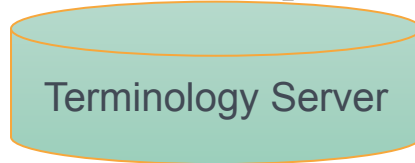
- Signs and symptoms
- Diagnosis
- Procedures
- Tests and test results



Health Record



API



Terminology Server

SNOMED CT Enabled Terminology Server

Content

- Codes (Concepts)
- Terms (Descriptions)
- Knowledge Graph (Relationships)
- Subsets and Maps

Examples of SNOMED CT enabled services

- Search for concepts
 - using all active terms
 - within logical constraints
- Validate that concepts are within a subset
- Translate codes using maps
- Support frequent low cost terminology updates



Services can be reused in multiple systems

Easy updating and maintenance

Health Record

API

Terminology Server

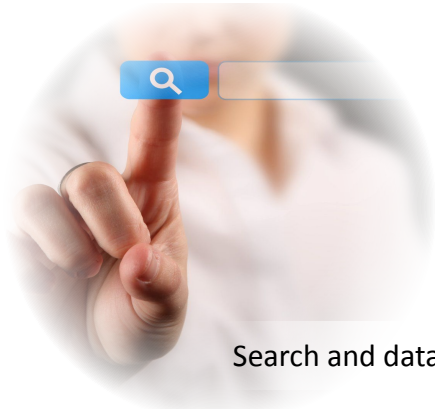
API

API

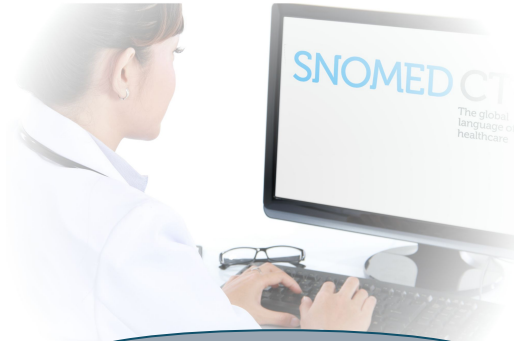
Health Record

Health Record





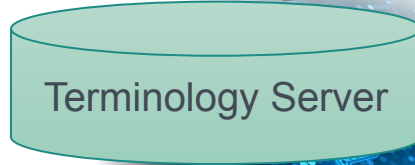
Search and data entry



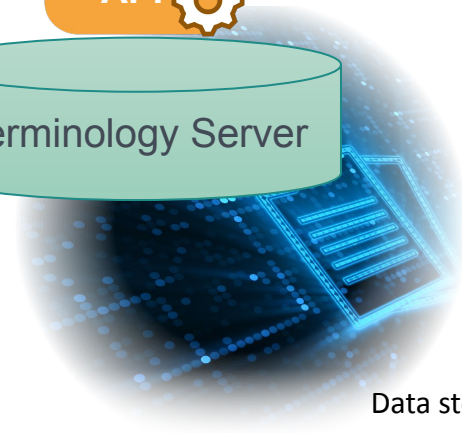
Knowledge linkage and decision support



Data retrieval and analytics



Communication and exchange



Data storage

Terminology Services

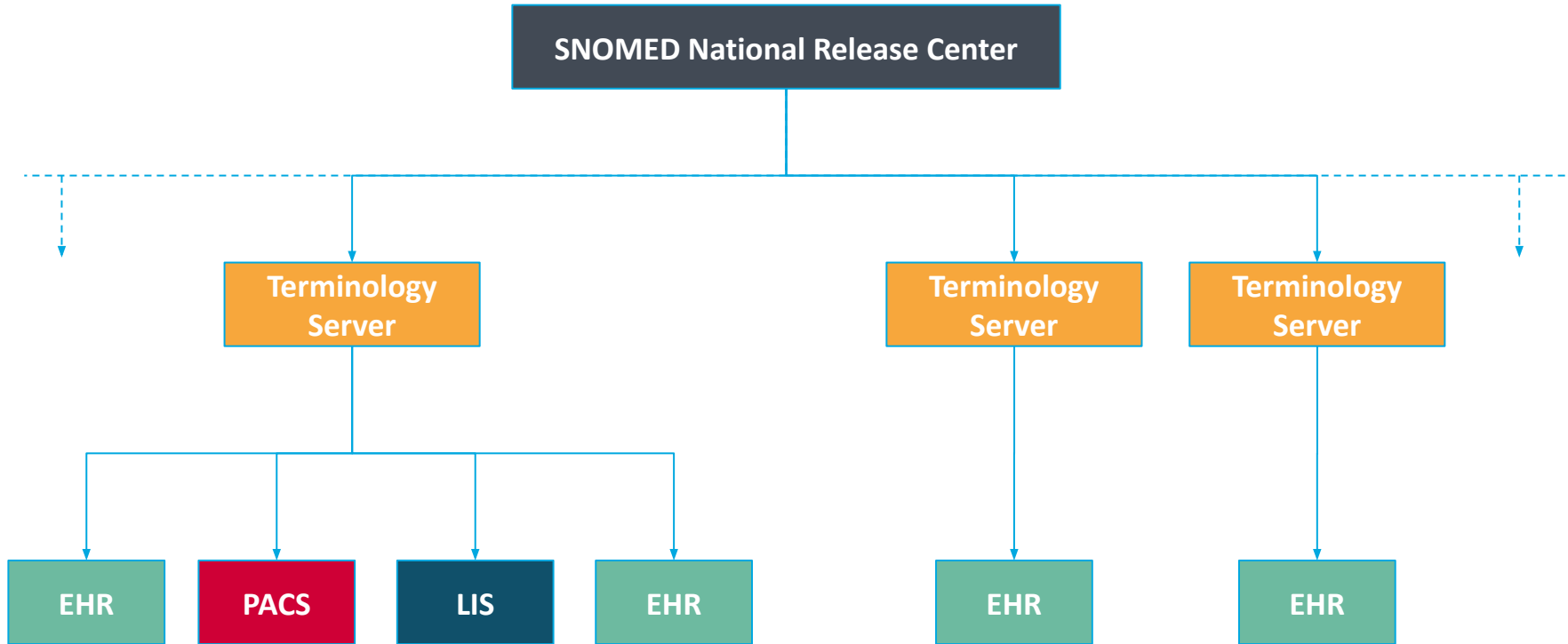


Why use Terminology Services?

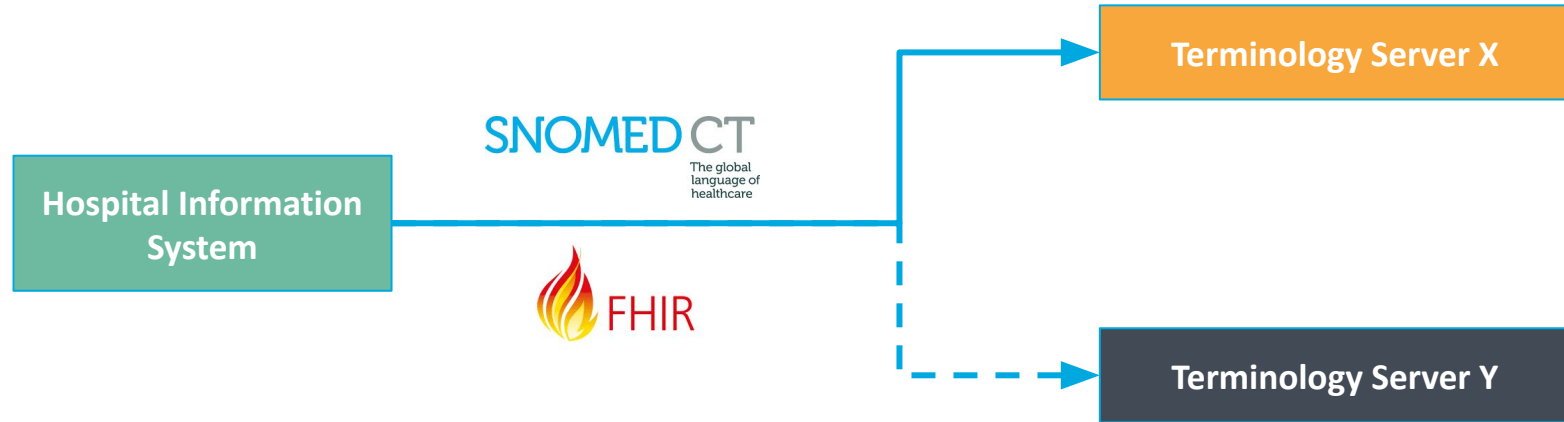
- Search algorithms are the key for effective data entry
- Terminology navigation and retrieval requires optimization
- Queries are constructed using standard languages
- Terminologies are updated frequently

... it's a good separation of concerns

Terminology Services Architecture



Standards in Terminology Services



Standards provide flexibility, simplify software integration,
and prevent lock-in



SNOMED CT and HL7 FHIR



Introduction to HL7 FHIR

Terminology Module



The **Terminology Module**, part of FHIR API spec.

Standard way to interact with terminologies and classifications from many publishers:

HL7, WHO, Regenstrief, SNOMED International and Members, many others.

Some of the key fields within the **Clinical, Diagnostics** and **Medications** resources may use codes from SNOMED CT ... *“Terminology Binding”*

The screenshot shows the HL7 FHIR Release 5 website. The navigation bar includes links for Home, Getting Started, Documentation, Data Types, Resource Types, Terminologies, Artifacts, and Implementation Guides. Below the navigation bar, a yellow banner states: "This page is part of the FHIR Specification (v5.0.0: R5 - STU). This is the current published version. For a full list of available version Page versions: R5 R4B R4 R3 R2". The main heading is "0 Welcome to FHIR®". The content is organized into five levels:

- Level 1** Basic framework on which the specification is built
 - Foundation: Base Documentation, XML, JSON, RDF, Datatypes, Extensions
- Level 2** Supporting implementation and binding to external specifications
 - Implementer Support
 - Security & Privacy
 - Conformance
 - Terminology** (highlighted with a blue circle)
 - Exchange
- Level 3** Linking to real-world concepts in the healthcare system
 - Administration: Patient, Practitioner, CareTeam, Device, Organization, Location, Healthcare Service
- Level 4** Record-keeping and Data Exchange for the healthcare process
 - Clinical
 - Diagnostics
 - Medications
 - Workflow
 - Financial
- Level 5** Providing the ability to reason about the healthcare process
 - Clinical Reasoning
 - Medication Definition



Introduction to HL7 FHIR

Terminology Module



The main Terminology **Resources** are:

- **CodeSystem**

- examples: “SNOMED CT International Edition - Jan 2024”, “LOINC v2.76” or “ICD-10 Version:2019”

- **ValueSet**

- examples: “Nursing Activities Subset” or “Clinical Procedures”

- **ConceptMap**

- e.g. “SNOMED CT to ICD-10 Map” or “SNOMED CT to MedDRA Map”



Introduction to HL7 FHIR

Terminology Operations



A brief summary of the main **Operations** that can be performed on the **Resources**:

- **CodeSystem**
 - **\$lookup** - view the details of a single code / concept
 - **\$validate-code** - check that a code (and term) is within a specific CodeSystem
 - **\$subsumes** - test if there is an ancestor / descendant relationship between a pair of codes
- **ValueSet**
 - **\$expand** - list all, or search within, the codes in a ValueSet
 - **\$validate-code** - check that a code (and term) is within a specific ValueSet
- **ConceptMap**
 - **\$translate** - translate a code from one CodeSystem to a code within another CodeSystem



Snowstorm and Snowstorm Lite



Snowstorm

Developed to support the **SNOMED CT Browser and Authoring Platform**

Capable of hosting many versions of SNOMED CT at once
The FHIR API can also host LOINC ICD-10 and many others

Uses Elasticsearch as a data store



Requires a server with at least 8g of memory

*Supports the complete
ECL query language*



SNOWSTORM
by SNOMED International



Snowstorm *Lite*

Developed to as a fast lightweight alternative to Snowstorm
to support the **Bahmni Open Source EHR**

Capable of hosting only one version of SNOMED CT at once
Not able to host LOINC, ICD-10 or anything else

Uses Lucene as a data store



Requires just 1g of memory

*Supports the most useful parts
ECL query language*



SNOWSTORM
by SNOMED International

Snowstorm Lite Setup



Snowstorm Lite

Setup Options

Step 1: Run the application

Use one of the following options..



Option 1: Docker container

- *Pull image from Docker Hub*



Option 2: Native Java application

- *Download jar from GitHub releases page*

Step 2: Load SNOMED CT

Use one of the following options..

- **Option 1: Automatic loading with Syndication**
 - *Use MLDS login to pull a release down*
 -
- **Option 2: Manual loading via API**
 - *Download SNOMED release and post to Snowstorm Lite API*

Full details at:  github.com/ihtsdo/snowstorm-lite



Docker & Syndication Setup

Start Docker Desktop, then on the command line..



Pull the Docker image

```
docker pull snomedinternational/snowstorm-lite:latest
```



Start Snowstorm Lite, loading SNOMED CT Austrian Edition using Syndication

```
docker run -i -t -p 8080:8080 snomedinternational/snowstorm-lite \  
  --admin.password=somePassword \  
  --syndicate --version-uri=http://snomed.info/sct/11000234105
```





snomed.org



[@snomedct](https://twitter.com/snomedct)



linkedin.com/company/ihtsdo/

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Use cases for FHIR Terminology services

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snomed.org/dev-training



Use Cases for Terminology Services





Search and data entry



Health Record



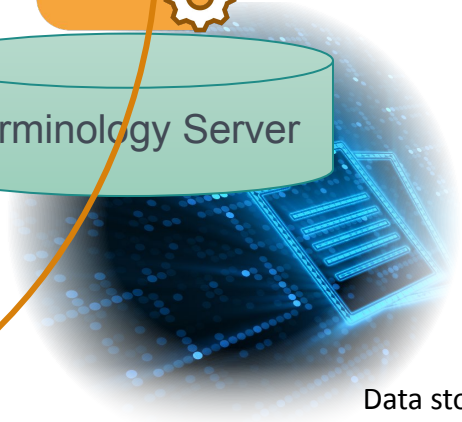
Terminology Server



Knowledge linkage and decision support



Data retrieval and analytics



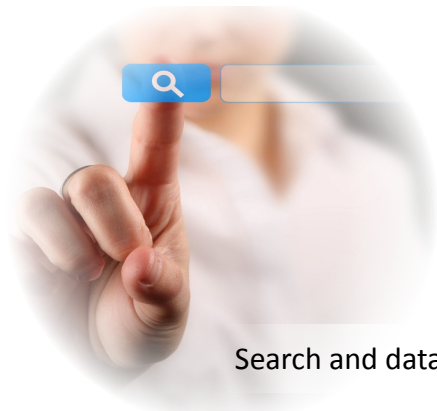
Data storage



Communication and exchange

UI Demonstration





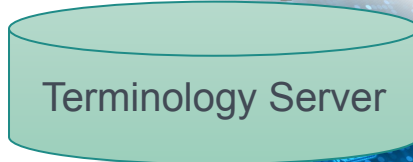
Search and data entry



Knowledge linkage and decision support



Data retrieval and analytics



Data storage

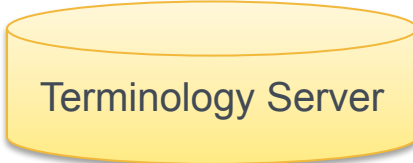


Communication and exchange



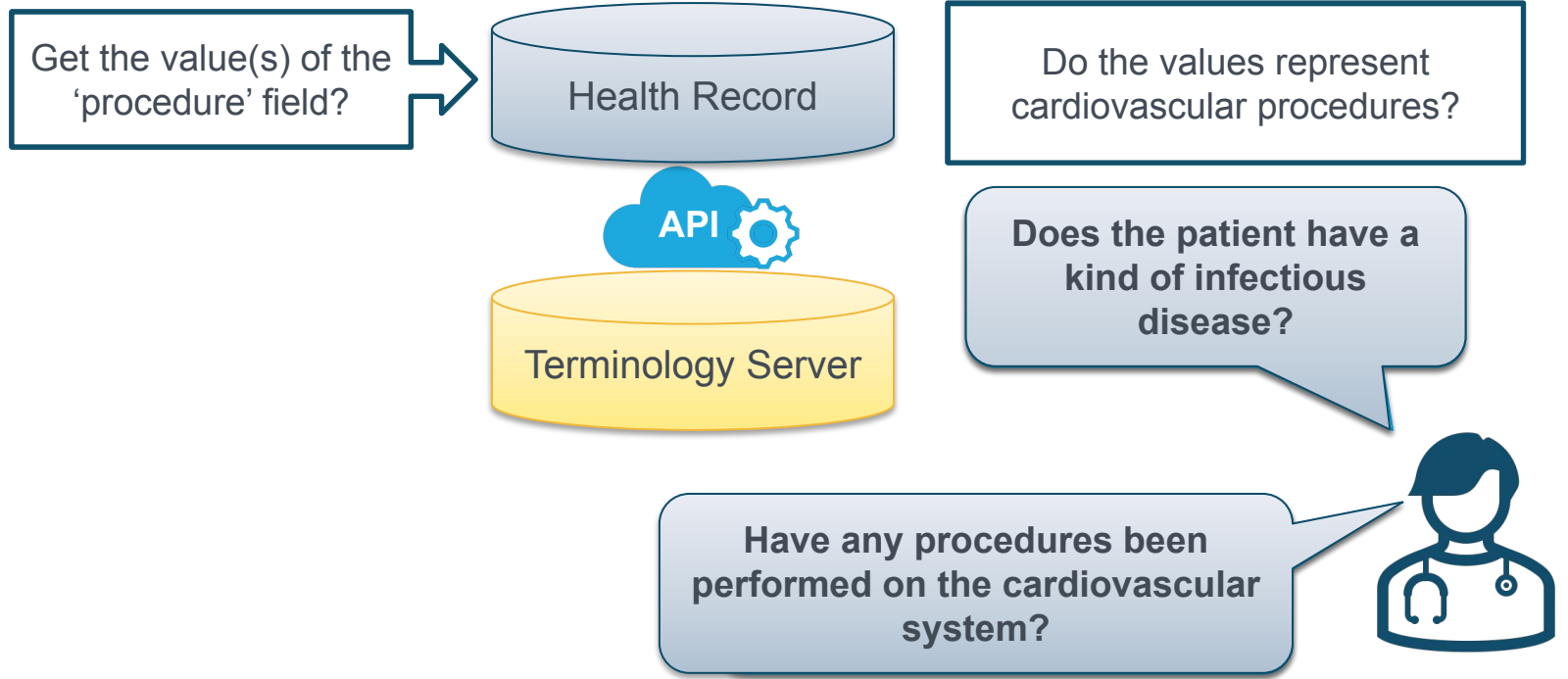
What is the diagnosis of this patient ?

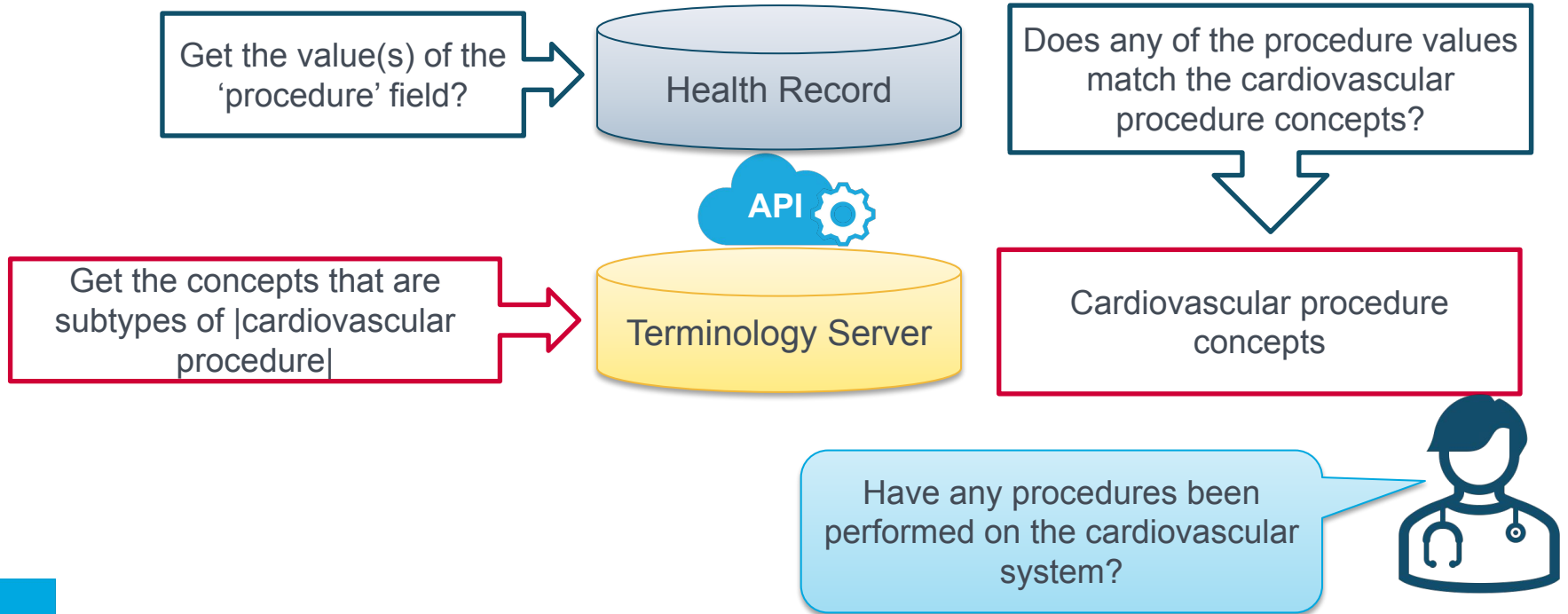
Get the value(s) of the 'diagnosis' field?

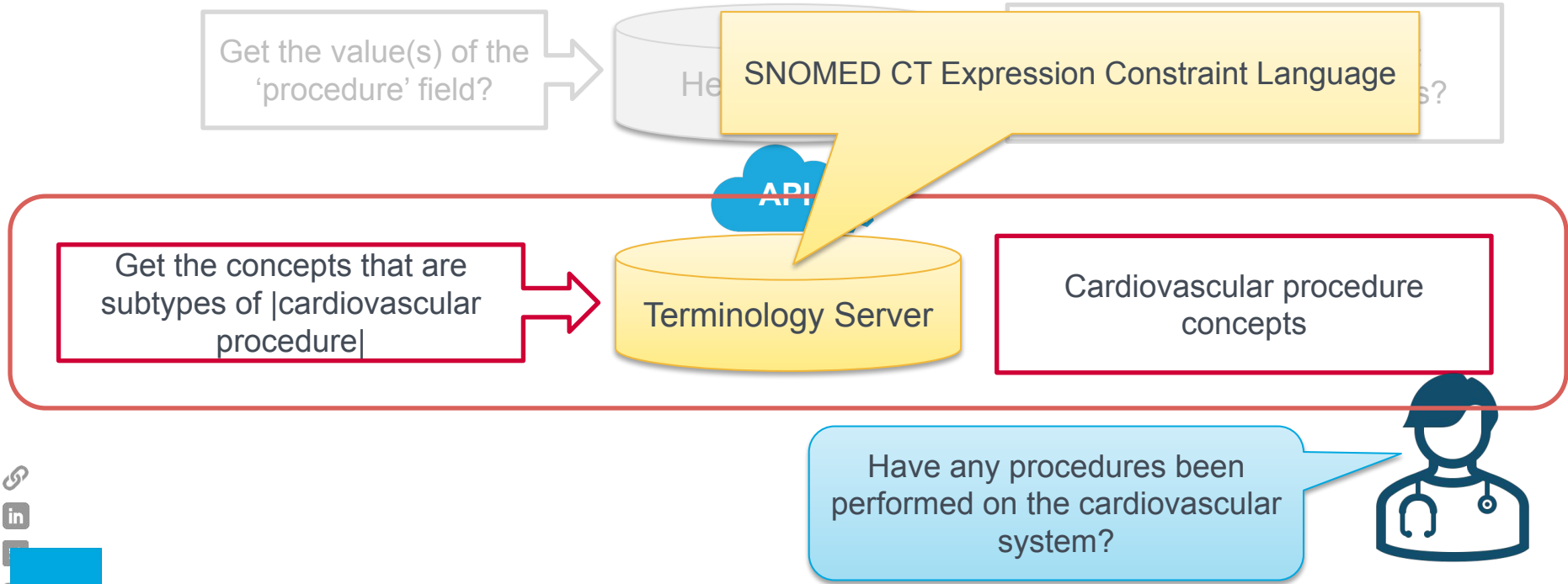


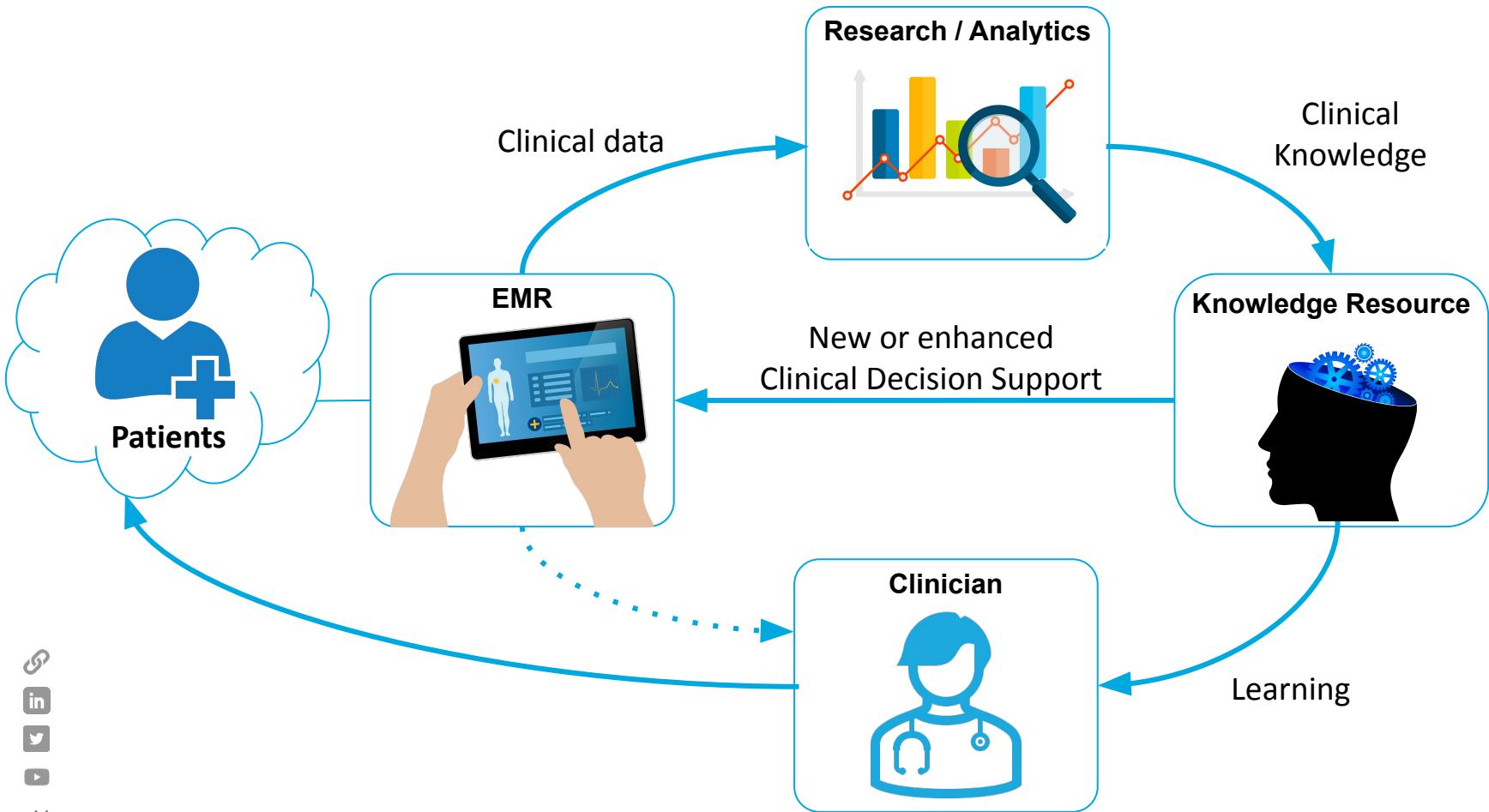
May be answered using the information structure
However, this approach requires that you know what data elements to query

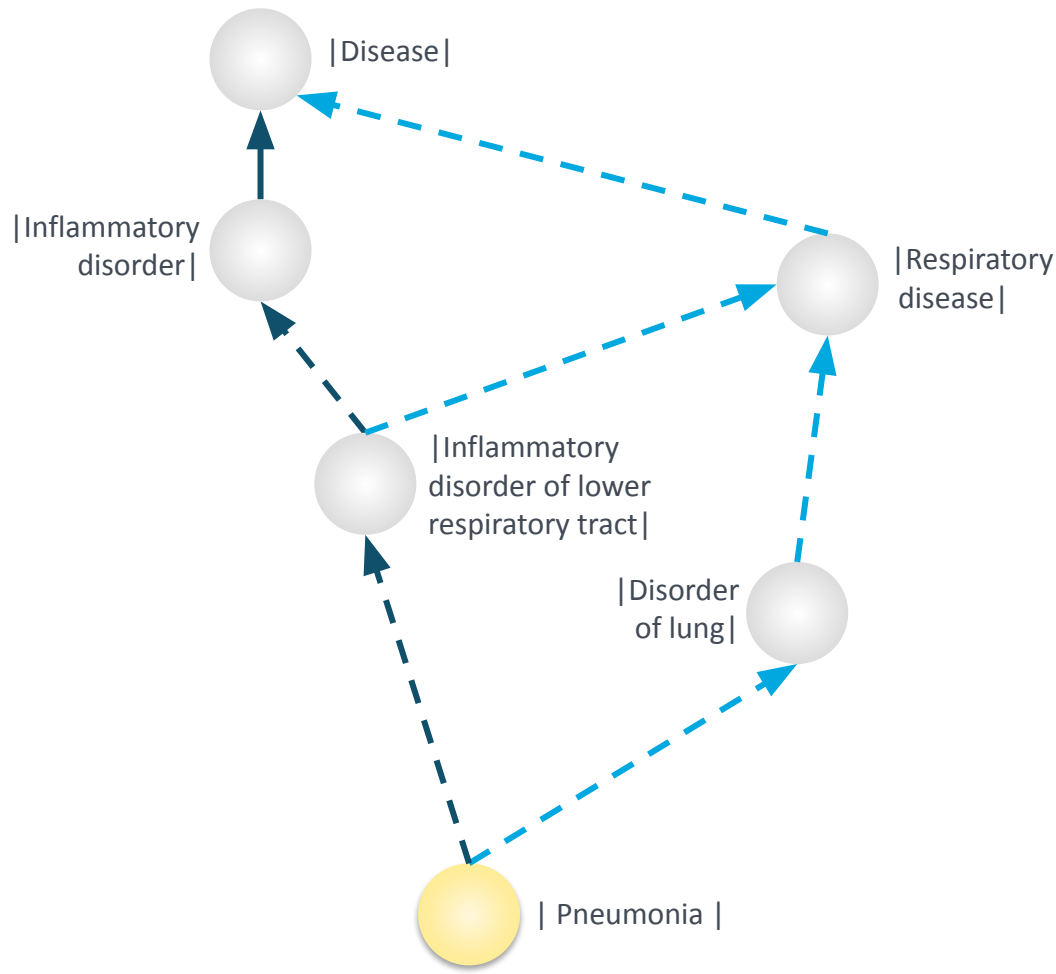


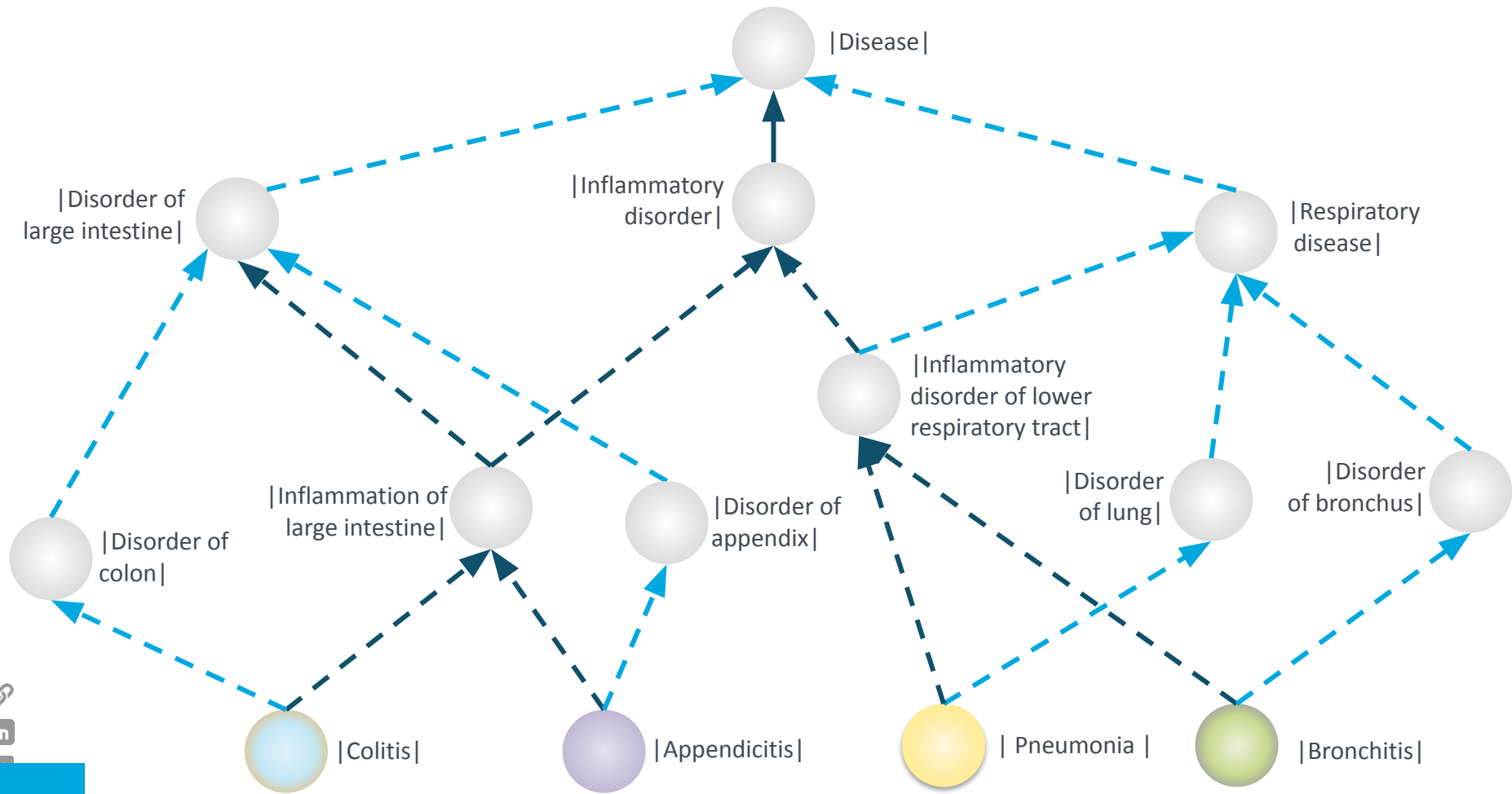


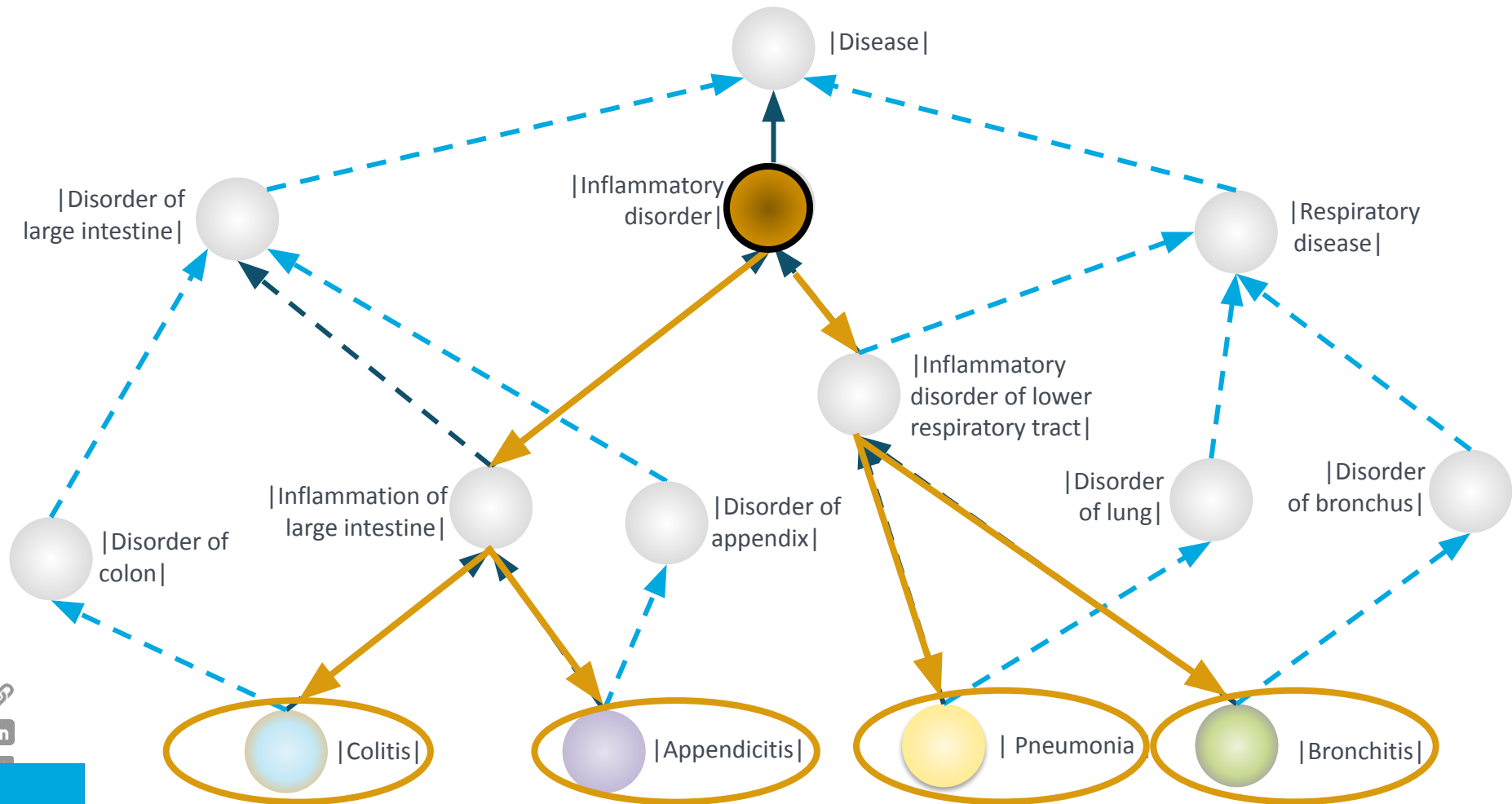


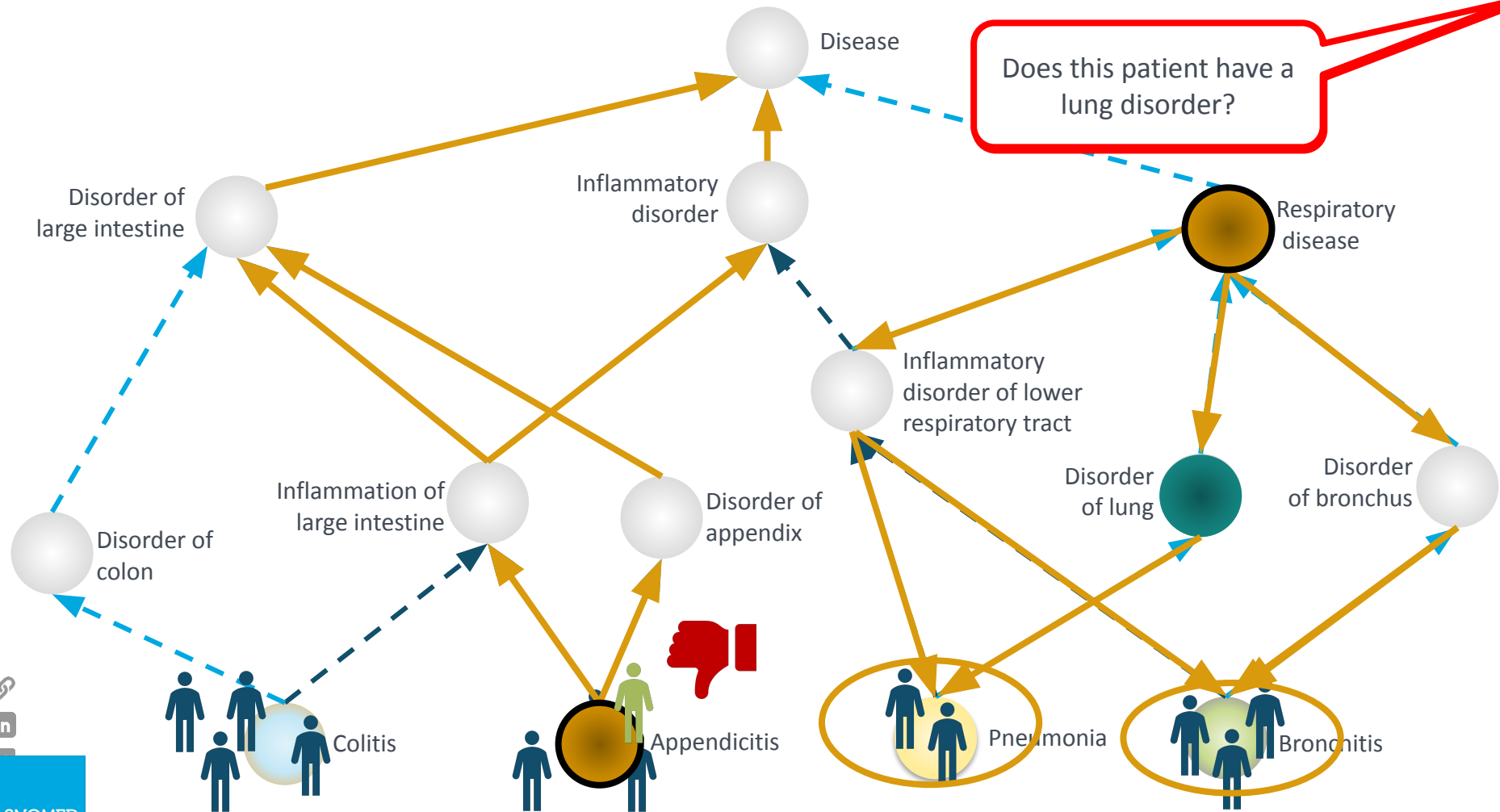












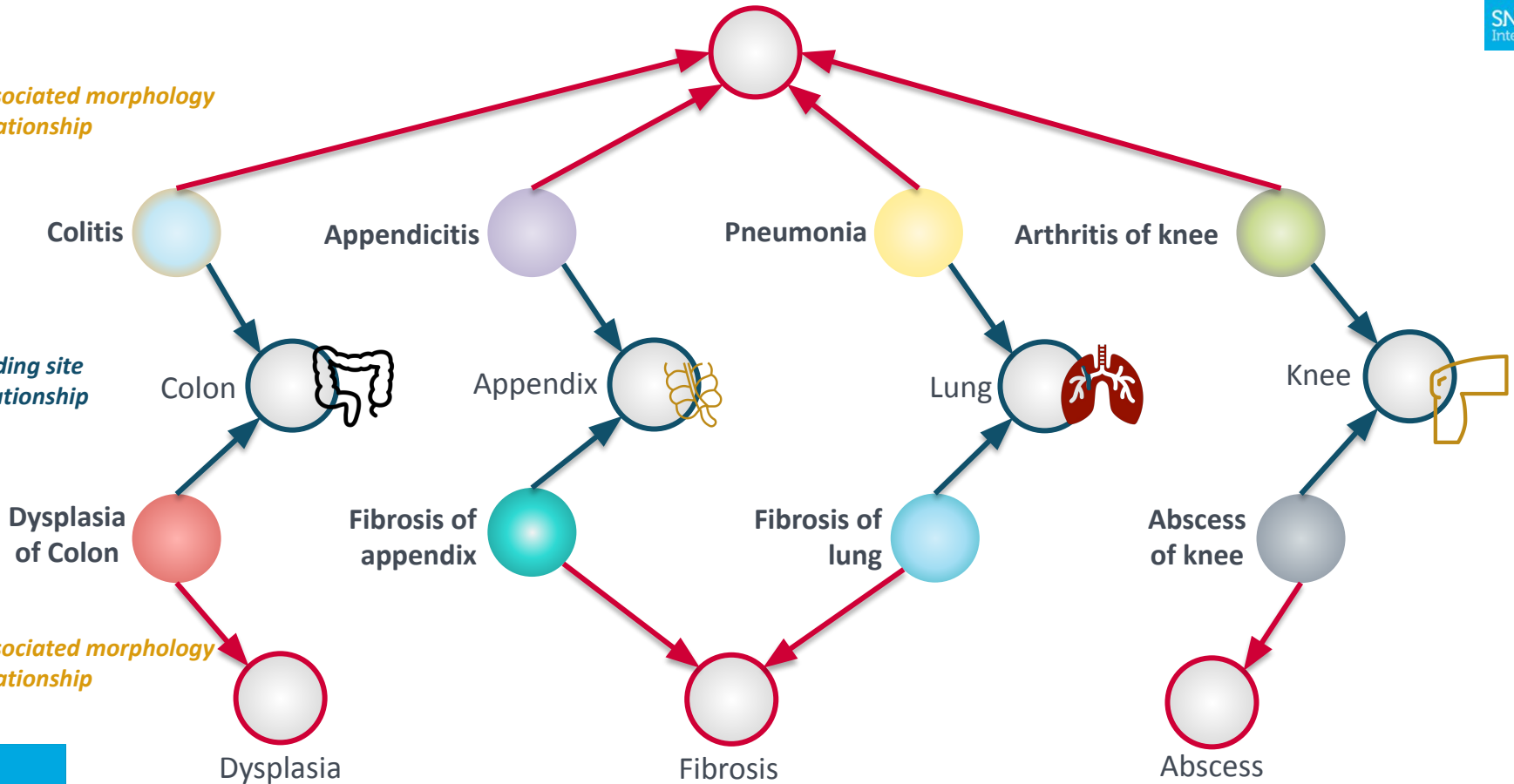
Does this patient have a lung disorder?

Inflammatory morphology

Associated morphology relationship

Finding site relationship

Associated morphology relationship



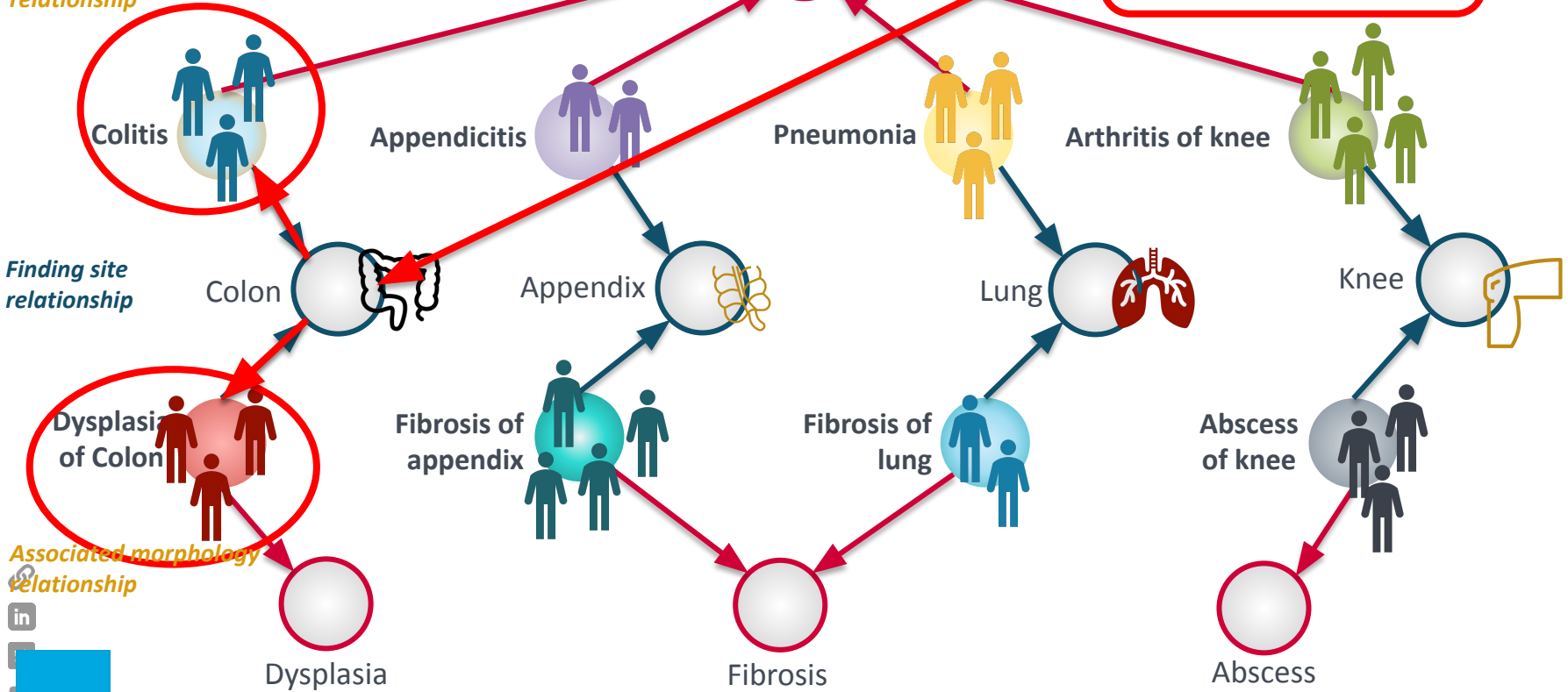
People with a disorder located in the **colon structure?**

Inflammatory morphology

Associated morphology relationship

Finding site relationship

Associated morphology relationship



Associated morphology relationship

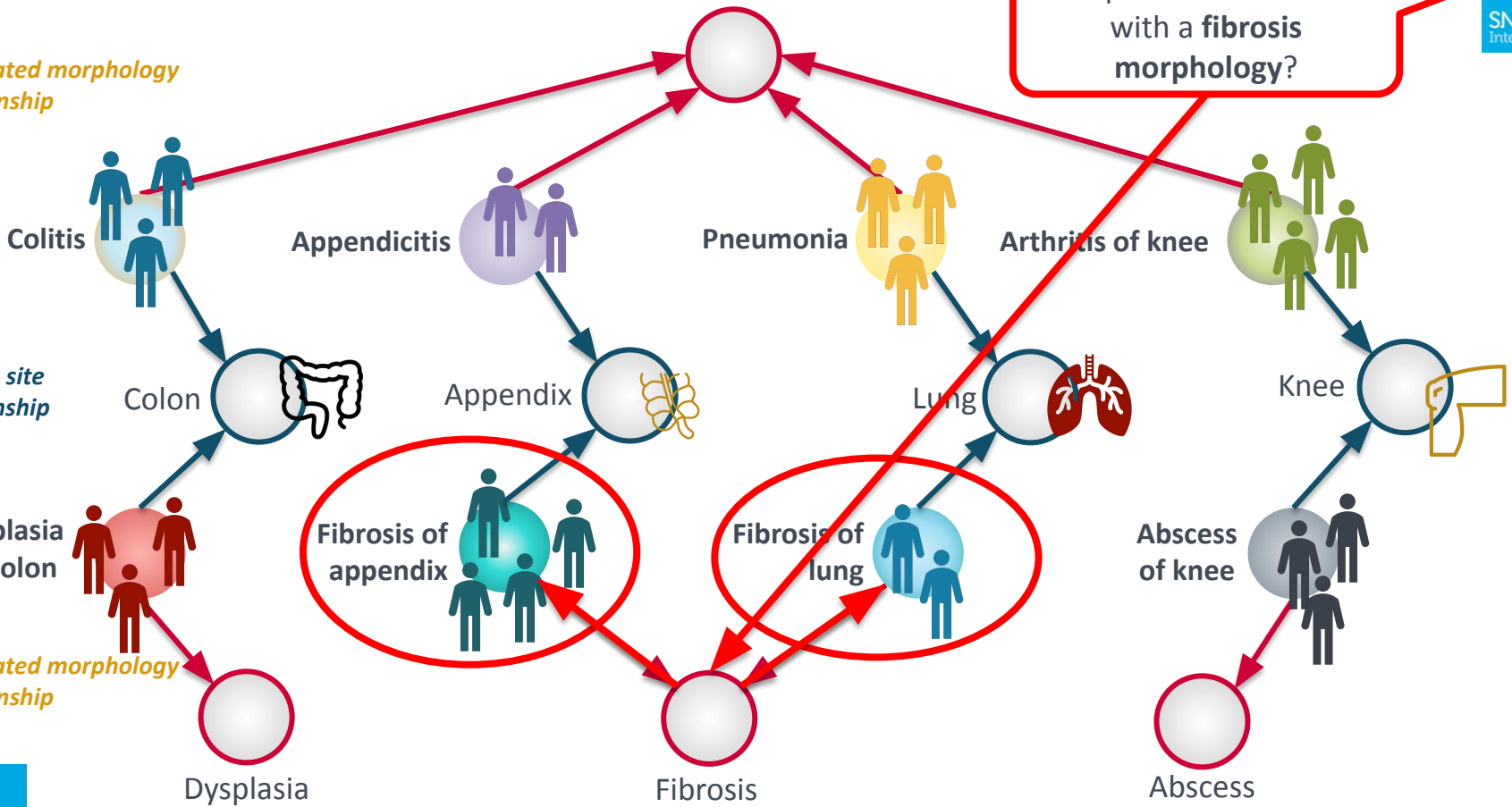
Finding site relationship

Associated morphology relationship



Inflammatory morphology

People with a disorder with a **fibrosis morphology**?



Question

What concepts

Expression constraint language

Query

People with a **respiratory disease**?

All concepts that are subtypes of the concept 'respiratory disease'

```
<< 50043002 |Respiratory disease|
```

People with a disorder located in the **colon structure**?

All concepts that represent a disease with a finding site of 'colon structure'

```
< 64572001 |Disease| :  
363698007 |Finding site| =  
<< 71854001 |Colon structure|
```

People with a disorder with a **fibrosis morphology**?

All concepts that represent a disease with a morphology of 'fibrosis'

```
< 64572001 |Disease| :  
116676008 |Associated morphology| =  
<< 112674009 |Fibrosis|
```

Symbol	Name
<	Descendant of
<<	Descendant or self of
>	Ancestor of
>>	Ancestor or self of
<!	Child of
^	Member of
^ [x,y]	Member of with field selection
*	Any
:	Refinement
AND	Conjunction
OR	Disjunction
MINUS	Exclusion
[x..y]	Cardinality
R	Reverse attribute
.	Dotted attribute
{{ D }}	Description filter
{{ C }}	Concept filter
{{ M }}	Member filter
{{ +HISTORY }}	History supplement

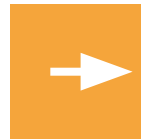
Expression constraint language

Query

```
<< 50043002 |Respiratory disease|
```

```
< 64572001 |Disease| :
363698007 |Finding site| =
<< 71854001 |Colon structure|
```

```
< 64572001 |Disease| :
116676008 |Associated morphology| =
<< 112674009 |Fibrosis|
```



To learn more visit:

<http://snomed.org/ecl>

Data Analytics with SNOMED CT



Assessing treatments

How effective is each treatment option?

Data Analytics Example

Patient cohort

BRCA1 gene mutation

Increased risk of breast cancer

Treatment

Drug prevention available

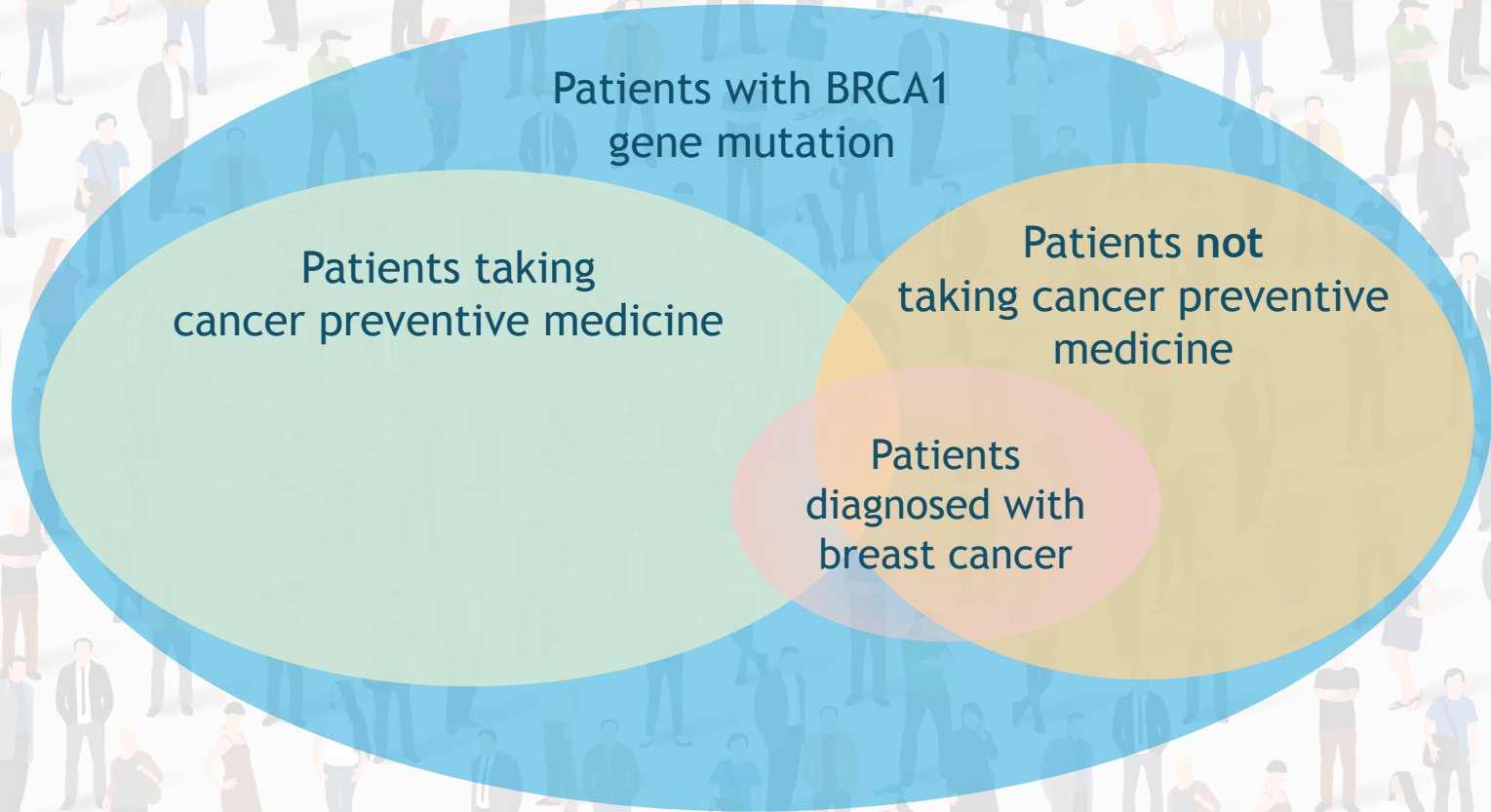
Risk of severe side effects



Question

Does the medication significantly reduce the risk of cancer?

Data Analytics with SNOMED CT



SNOMED CT Queries

Question

What concepts

Expression constraint language

Query

People with BRCA1 gene mutation

All concepts that are subtypes of the concept 'BRCA1 gene mutation positive'

```
<< 412734009  
|BRCA1 gene mutation positive|
```

People taking breast cancer preventive medicine?

All concepts that are types of either 'Tamoxifen-containing product', 'Anastrozole-containing product', or 'Raloxifene-containing product'

```
<< 75959001 |Tamoxifen-containing product|  
OR << 108774000 |Anastrozole-containing  
product| OR << 419530003  
|Raloxifene-containing product|
```

People with breast cancer?

All concepts that represent a disease with a morphology of 'Malignant tumor of breast'

```
<< 254837009  
|Malignant tumor of breast|
```

Data Analytics - Scenario 3

<< 412734009
|BRCA1 gene mutation
positive|

Patients with BRCA1
gene mutation

Patients taking medication
containing either tamoxifen,
anastrozole or raloxifene

Patients not
taking preventive
medication


Patients
diagnosed with
breast cancer

<< 75959001 |Tamoxifen-containing product|
OR << 108774000 |Anastrozole-containing
product| OR << 419530003
|Raloxifene-containing product|

<< 254837009
|Malignant tumor of breast|

Patient Data Analytics

<< 254837009 |Malignant tumor of breast|




Electronic data (E)

Patient_Id	Diagnosis	Diagnosis term
001	145501000119108	Metastatic malignant neoplasm of breast
002	722223000	Cyst of kidney
003	254840009	Inflammatory carcinoma of breast
004	64226004	Colitis
005	1197732001	Colorectal Crohn disease
006	278050001	Sarcoma of breast
007	1197732001	Colorectal Crohn disease
008	254837009	Malignant tumor of breast
009	405944004	Asthmatic bronchitis
010	46635009	Type 1 diabetes mellitus

Patient Data Analytics

```
SELECT Patient_Id FROM EHR WHERE Diagnosis =  
(<< 254837009 |Malignant tumor of breast)
```



Patient_Id	Diagnosis	Diagnosis term
001	145501000119108	Metastatic malignant neoplasm of breast
002	722223000	Cyst of kidney
003	254840009	Inflammatory carcinoma of breast
004	64226004	Colitis
005	1197732001	Colorectal Crohn disease
006	278050001	Sarcoma of breast
007	1197732001	Colorectal Crohn disease
008	254837009	Malignant tumor of breast
009	405944004	Asthmatic bronchitis
010	46635009	Type 1 diabetes mellitus

ECL Expansion

15950061000119105

353421000119109

145501000119108

354591000119108

448435005

254840009

286896005

278050001

271467005

403458008

373082000

373081007

254837009

254841008

188159008

188159008

...

Patient Data Analytics

```
SELECT Patient_Id FROM EHR WHERE Diagnosis =  
(<< 254837009 |Malignant tumor of breast|)
```

Patient_Id	Diagnosis	Diagnosis term
001	145501000119108	Metastatic malignant neoplasm of breast
002	722223000	Cyst of kidney
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008	254837009	Malignant tumor of breast
009	405944004	Asthmatic bronchitis
010	46635009	Type 1 diabetes mellitus

ECL Expansion
15950061000119105
353421000119109
145501000119108
354591000119108
448435005
254840009
286896005
278050001
271467005
403458008
373082000
373081007
254837009
254841008
188159008
188159008
...

Electronic data
(EHR)



Patient Data Analytics

```
SELECT Patient_Id FROM EHR WHERE Diagnosis =  
(<< 254837009 |Malignant tumor of breast)
```

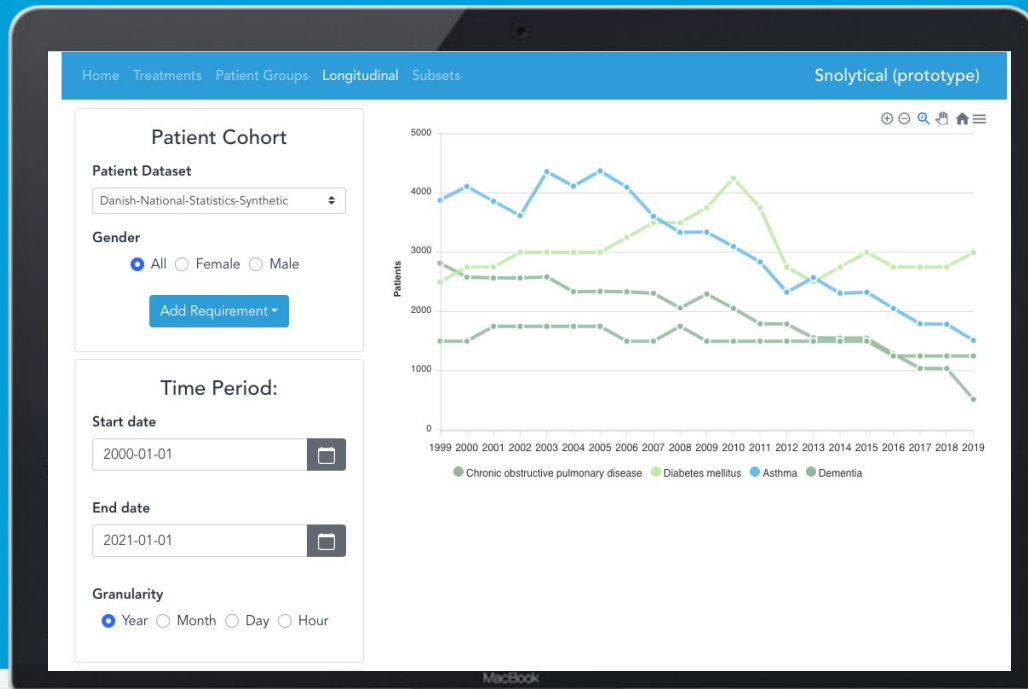
Patient_Id	Diagnosis	Diagnosis term
001	145501000119108	Metastatic malignant neoplasm of breast
002	722223000	Cyst of kidney
003	254840009	Inflammatory carcinoma of breast
004	64226004	Colitis
005	1197732001	Colorectal Crohn disease
006	278050001	Sarcoma of breast
007	1197732001	Colorectal Crohn disease
008	254837009	Malignant tumor of breast
009	405944004	Asthmatic bronchitis
010	46635009	Type 1 diabetes mellitus

ECL Expansion
15950061000119105
353421000119109
145501000119108
354591000119108
448435005
254840009
286896005
278050001
271467005
403458008
373082000
373081007
254837009
254841008
188159008
188159008
...

Electronic data
(EHR)

Data Analytics Demonstration

Showcasing Snolytical -
Simplifying Data Analytics
with SNOMED CT



Practice using Terminology Services

Finding Terminology Resources

Listing the **CodeSystem** resource:

```
HTTP GET [base]/CodeSystem
```

- Lists the CodeSystems loaded
- One for each version of each SNOMED CT Edition, and any other code systems
- The **title** parameter can be used to search
- /ValueSet and /ConceptMap resources can also be listed and searched



SNOMED Concept Lookup with FHIR

Using **CodeSystem \$lookup** operation

<https://hl7.org/fhir/R4/codesystem-operation-lookup.html>

```
HTTP GET [base]/CodeSystem/$lookup
      ?system=http://snomed.info/sct
      &code=389145006
```

- Here the **system** parameter uses the generic URI for SNOMED CT
- The **code** parameter is a SNOMED CT concept id
- When no **version** parameter is set a terminology server may use its default Edition



Caution: *Snowstorm goes beyond the FHIR specification for this operation and will automatically select the edition that contains the requested code.*

SNOMED Concept Lookup with FHIR

Using **CodeSystem \$lookup** with a specific Edition

```
HTTP GET [base]/CodeSystem/$lookup
      ?system=http://snomed.info/sct
      &version=http://snomed.info/sct/11000234105
      &code=389145006
```

- This example adds the **version** parameter with URI for **SNOMED CT Austrian Edition**
 - 11000234105 is the Austrian module
- This will use the latest version of the Austrian Edition on the server
- In the response we can see many descriptions from the International and Austrian Editions including the Austrian-German “Allergisches Asthma bronchiale” (see *valueString*)

SNOMED CT URI Standard

*There is no single distribution that contains all defined SNOMED CT codes in all contexts of use.
The International Edition contains all concepts shared and agreed to be internationally relevant.
National Release Centres distribute this International Edition plus additional national content.*

Unambiguously reference a particular SNOMED CT **edition** and/or **version** using a **URI**:

- Refer to SNOMED in general
<http://snomed.info/sct>
- Refer to a particular **Edition** (e.g. *Austrian Edition*)
<http://snomed.info/sct/11000234105>
- Refer to a particular **Edition Version**
<http://snomed.info/sct/11000234105/version/20240215>



SNOMED Concept Search with FHIR

Using **ValueSet \$expand** operation

```
HTTP GET [base]/ValueSet/$expand
      ?url=http://snomed.info/sct/11000234105?fhir_vs
      &displayLanguage=de
      &filter=funk
```

- This **url** parameter is the “implicit value set” of **all SNOMED CT concepts** in the Austrian Edition
- The **displayLanguage** parameter switches both the search and display language
- The **filter** parameter is the user search term
- **Never search the whole of SNOMED CT for data entry! Use a subset or ECL constraint (next)**

SNOMED subsets with the FHIR API

SNOMED CT (Versioned Edition)

- ▲ ● Clinical finding (finding)
- ▼ ● General finding of observation of patient (finding)
- ▼ ● General body state finding (finding)
- ▼ ● Vital signs finding (finding)
- ▼ ● Body temperature finding (finding)
 - ● Able to manage body temperature (finding)
 - ▼ ● Abnormal body temperature (finding)
 - ▶ ● Body temperature above reference range (finding)
 - ▶ ● Body temperature below reference range (finding)
 - ▶ ● Finding of measures of body temperature (finding)
 - ▶ ● Finding of temperature of skin (finding)
 - ● Hysterical fever (finding)
 - ● Normothermic at conclusion of immediate postoperative period (finding)
 - ● State of cold preservation (finding)
 - ▶ ● Temperature change at anatomical site (finding)
 - ● Temperature normal (finding)

Subset

- 50177009
- 846676008
- 87273009



SNOMED CT (Versioned Edition)

All surgical procedures

All disorders with a morphology of inflammation



Subset

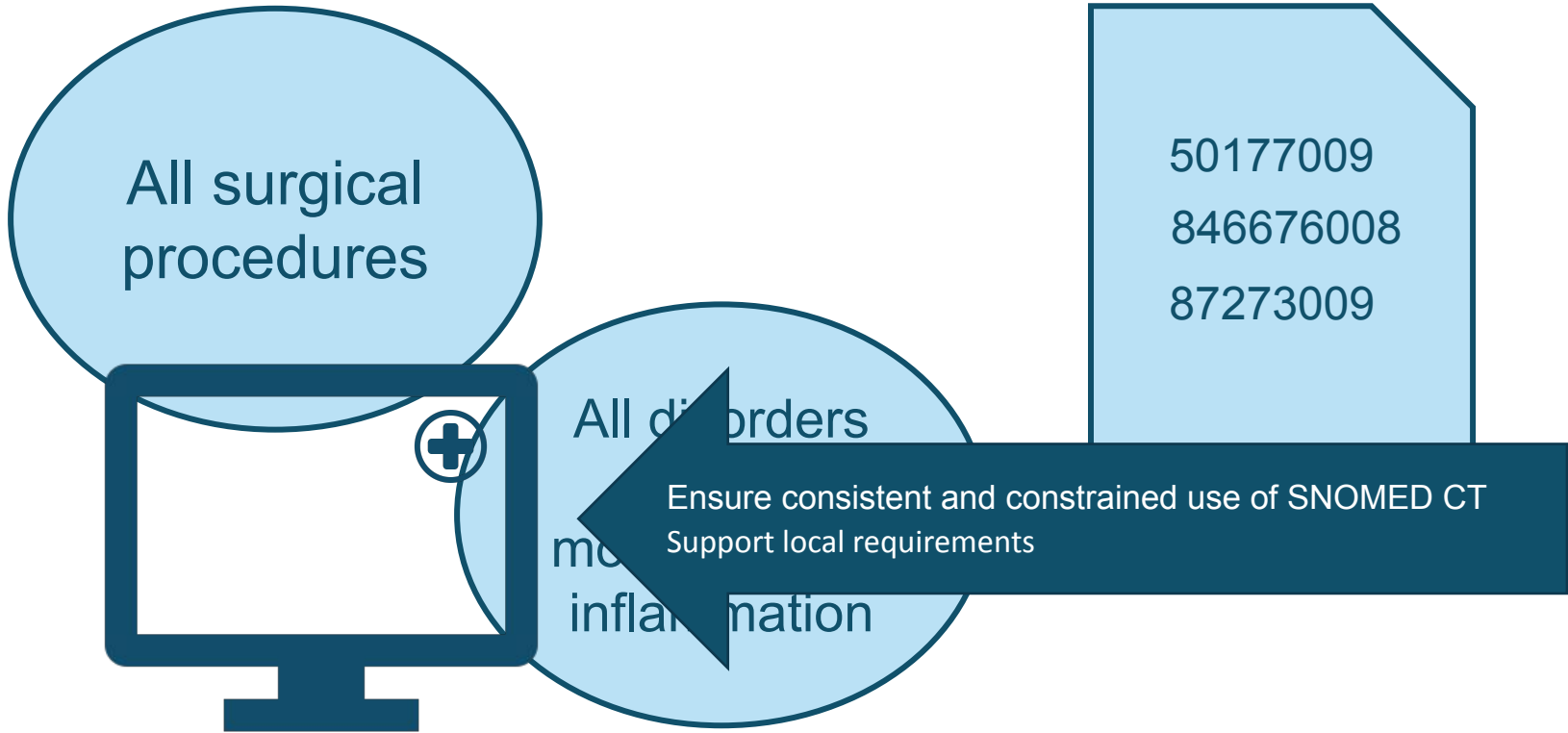
50177009

846676008

87273009



SNOMED CT Subsets

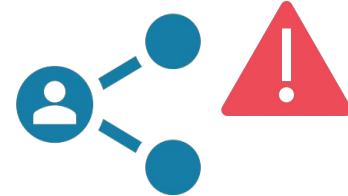
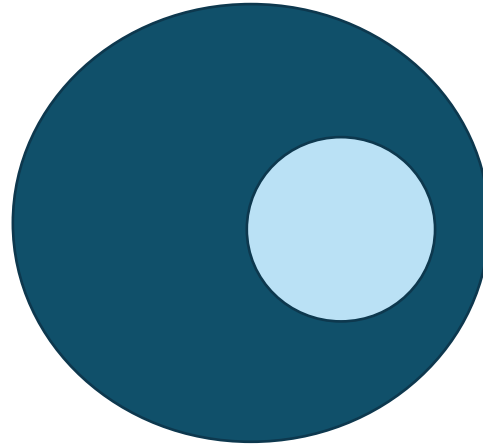


Subset Use Cases



Constrain search and data entry

Specify value sets used for communication, reporting and decision support



Specify groups used for retrieval and analytics

Subsets = FHIR Value Sets



There are many ways to create and access Value Sets with SNOMED CT:

- A native FHIR ValueSet with a simple list of codes:
 - *URI:* “<http://example.com/my-list>”
- Reference a SNOMED Simple Reference Set:
 - *URI:* “http://snomed.info/sct/11000172109?fhir_vs=refset/816080008”
- Use the “isa” filter:
 - *URI:* “http://snomed.info/sct/11000172109?fhir_vs=isa/195967001”
- Use ECL (SNOMED Query)
 - *URI:* “http://snomed.info/sct/11000172109?fhir_vs=ecl/<<195967001”

<https://terminology.hl7.org/SNOMEDCT.html#snomed-ct-implicit-value-sets>



Search within Refsets with FHIR

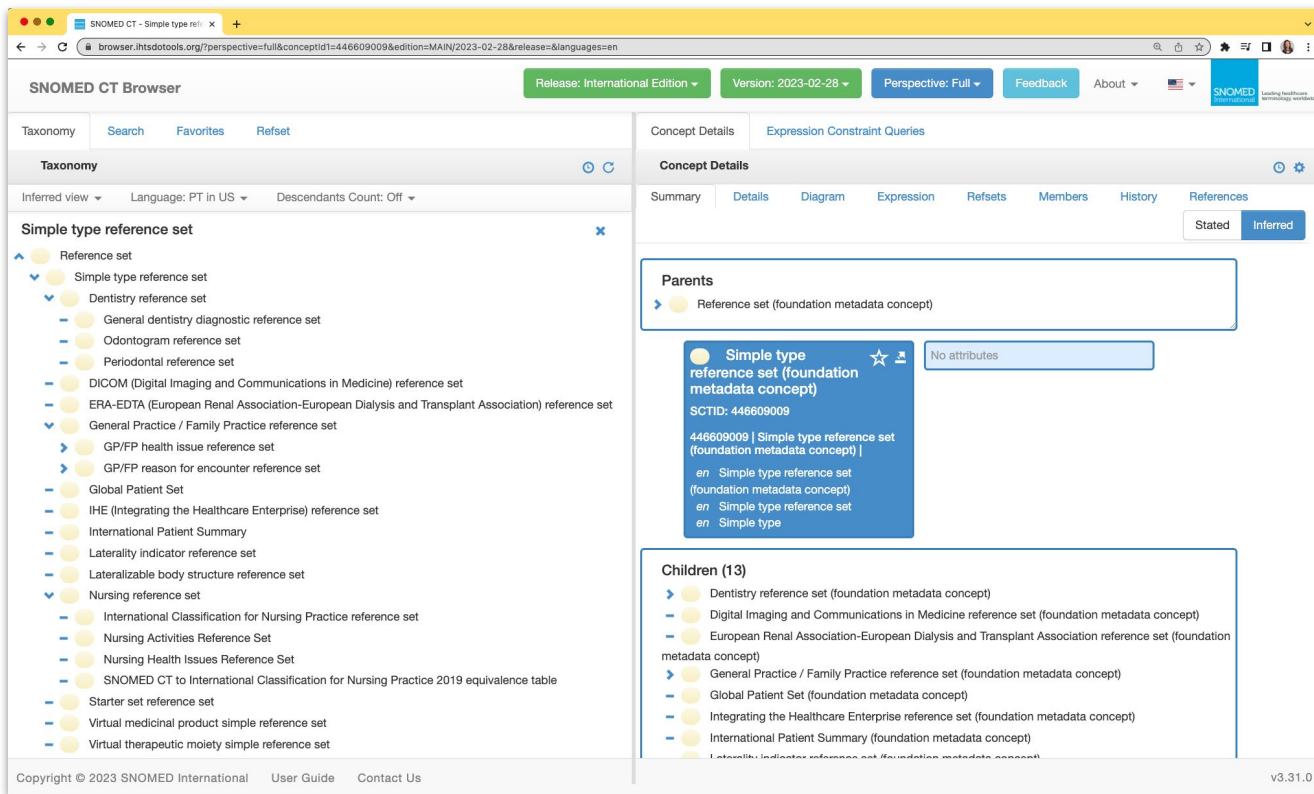
Using **ValueSet \$expand** operation

<https://www.hl7.org/fhir/valueset-operation-expand.html>

```
HTTP GET [base]/ValueSet/$expand
?url=http://snomed.info/sct/11000172109?fhir_vs=refset/816080008
&displayLanguage=en
&filter=swell
```



- The **url** is an implicit value set containing the “International Patient Summary”
- **filter** is a search term

Browser - Simple Reference Sets



The screenshot displays the SNOMED CT Browser interface. The top navigation bar includes the browser title "SNOMED CT - Simple type ref...", the URL "browser.htsdotools.org/?perspective=full&conceptid=446609009&edition=MAIN/2023-02-28&release=&languages=en", and various controls like "Release: International Edition", "Version: 2023-02-28", "Perspective: Full", "Feedback", "About", and a flag icon. The main content area is split into two panes. The left pane, titled "Taxonomy", shows a hierarchical tree of reference sets under "Simple type reference set". The right pane, titled "Concept Details", shows the details for the selected concept, including its parents and children.

SNOMED CT Browser

Release: International Edition | Version: 2023-02-28 | Perspective: Full | Feedback | About |  | 

Taxonomy | Search | Favorites | Refset

Taxonomy

Inferred view | Language: PT in US | Descendants Count: Off

Simple type reference set

- Reference set
 - Simple type reference set
 - Dentistry reference set
 - General dentistry diagnostic reference set
 - Odontogram reference set
 - Periodontal reference set
 - DICOM (Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine) reference set
 - ERA-EDTA (European Renal Association-European Dialysis and Transplant Association) reference set
 - General Practice / Family Practice reference set
 - GP/FP health issue reference set
 - GP/FP reason for encounter reference set
 - Global Patient Set
 - IHE (Integrating the Healthcare Enterprise) reference set
 - International Patient Summary
 - Laterality indicator reference set
 - Lateralizable body structure reference set
 - Nursing reference set
 - International Classification for Nursing Practice reference set
 - Nursing Activities Reference Set
 - Nursing Health Issues Reference Set
 - SNOMED CT to International Classification for Nursing Practice 2019 equivalence table
 - Starter set reference set
 - Virtual medicinal product simple reference set
 - Virtual therapeutic moiety simple reference set

Concept Details

Expression Constraint Queries

Summary | Details | Diagram | Expression | Refsets | Members | History | References

Stated | Inferred

Parents

- Reference set (foundation metadata concept)

Simple type reference set (foundation metadata concept)

SCTID: 446609009

446609009 | Simple type reference set (foundation metadata concept) |

- en Simple type reference set (foundation metadata concept)
- en Simple type reference set
- en Simple type

Children (13)

- Dentistry reference set (foundation metadata concept)
- Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine reference set (foundation metadata concept)
- European Renal Association-European Dialysis and Transplant Association reference set (foundation metadata concept)
- General Practice / Family Practice reference set (foundation metadata concept)
- Global Patient Set (foundation metadata concept)
- Integrating the Healthcare Enterprise reference set (foundation metadata concept)
- International Patient Summary (foundation metadata concept)
- Laterality indicator reference set (foundation metadata concept)

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<https://browser.snomedtools.org/>



SNOMED ECL Query with FHIR

Using **ValueSet \$expand** operation

<https://www.hl7.org/fhir/valueset-operation-expand.html>

```
HTTP GET [base]/ValueSet/$expand
?url=http://snomed.info/sct/11000234105?fhir_vs=ecl/<128139000
| Inflammatory disorder |
&filter=ear
```

- The **url** is an implicit value set containing all descendants of 128139000 |Inflammatory disorder|

Search within Subsets with FHIR

Using ValueSet \$expand operation

Best practice search behaviour

- Search terms may use multiple word prefixes, in any order
 - For example to find the concept “**Blood oxygen pressure within reference range**”
A good search term could be: “**blood ox within**”
 - Users who learn this type less and find faster
 - This is also a great way to avoid spelling mismatch issues



Use Maps with the FHIR API



Background

Link SNOMED CT to other code systems

Integrating local codes and SNOMED CT

- Using a library of clinical phrases as an interface terminology
- Communication of clinical data between organizations
- Migration to SNOMED CT

Integrating statistical classification systems and SNOMED CT

- Statistical analysis of SNOMED CT encoded data
- Meaning-based analysis of statistical data

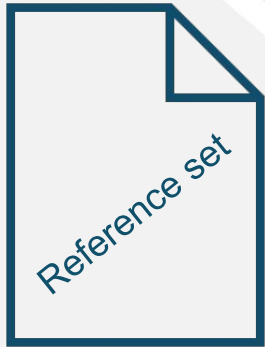


| SNOMED CT to ICD-O simple map reference set |

...	refsetId	referencedComponentId	mapTarget
...	446608001	2142002	8721/3
...	446608001	2227007	8370/3
...	446608001	21326004	8045/3
...	446608001	27313007	8857/0
...	446608001	32913002	8510/3
...	446608001	41607009	8312/3

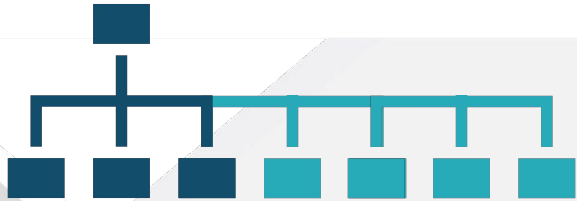


[SNOMED CT to ICD-10 extended map]



SNOMED CT

8619003 | Infertile |



ICD-10

N97.9 Female infertility, unspecified

N46 Male infertility



Map to other CodeSystems with FHIR

Using **ConceptMap \$translate** operation

<https://hl7.org/fhir/R4/conceptmap-operation-translate.html>

```
HTTP GET [base]/ConceptMap/$translate
      ?code=254153009
      &system=http://snomed.info/sct
      &version=http://snomed.info/sct/11000234105/version/20240215
      &targetsystem=http://hl7.org/fhir/sid/icd-10
```

- **code** is the concept to translate
- **system** is the source CodeSystem, in this case SNOMED CT
- **version** selects the SNOMED CT Austrian Edition
- **targetsystem** is the uri of the CodeSystem to translate the code to, ICD-10



Summary

We have covered:

- The basics of Terminology Services
- How to deploy and use Snowstorm Lite
- How to use the HL7 FHIR Terminology module to access and query SNOMED CT

We can't wait to hear about what you build with it!



Thank you for attending

SNOMED
International

Implementation Support Portal
implementation.snomed.org



Learning More

- **Expression constraint language specification**
snomed.org/eci
- **Data Analytics with SNOMED CT**
snomed.org/analytics
- **MRCM browser**
<https://browser.snomedtools.org/mrcm>
- **Terminology services guide**
snomed.org/tsg
- **Snolytical**
github.com/IHTSDO/health-data-analytics